

RATIFICATIONS, ETC.



Treaty Series No. 129 (1969)

THIRD
SUPPLEMENTARY LIST
OF RATIFICATIONS, ACCESSIONS,
WITHDRAWALS, ETC.,
FOR 1969

[In continuation of Treaty Series No. 102 (1969), Cmnd. 4209]

*Presented to Parliament
by the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs
by Command of Her Majesty
February 1970*

LONDON
HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

2s. 3d. [11p] net

Cmnd. 4272

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N.B. Unless otherwise stated, the dates given herein are the dates of deposit of the ratifications, etc., and are not necessarily effective dates, which normally must be determined from the terms of the instruments concerned.

This publication contains information received up to 30 September, 1969.

Part I. GENERAL TREATIES

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
AIR SERVICES—		
Convention for the Unification of Certain Rules relating to International Carriage by Air ...	Warsaw, 12 Oct., 1929	11/1933 Cmd. 4284
Accessions—		
Afghanistan ...	20 Feb., 1969	
Gabon ...	15 Feb., 1969	
Libya ...	16 May, 1969	
Saudi Arabia ...	27 Jan., 1969	
Protocol to amend the Convention for the Unification of Certain Rules relating to International Carriage by Air ...	The Hague, 28 Sept., 1955	62/1967 Cmd. 3356
Accessions—		
Afghanistan ...	20 Feb., 1969	
Argentina ...	12 June, 1969	
Gabon ...	15 Feb., 1969	
Libya ...	16 May, 1969	
Nigeria ...	1 July, 1969	
Saudi Arabia ...	27 Jan., 1969	
Agreement on the Joint Financing of certain Air Navigation Services in Iceland ...	Geneva, 25 Sept., 1956	20/1959 Cmd. 677
Withdrawal—		
India ...	30 June, 1969	
Agreement on Joint Financing of certain Air Navigation Services in Greenland and the Faroe Islands ...	Geneva, 25 Sept., 1956	21/1959 Cmd. 678
Withdrawal—		
India ...	30 June, 1969	
Convention, supplementary to the Warsaw Convention, for the Unification of Certain Rules relating to International Carriage by Air performed by a Person other than the Contracting Carrier ...	Guadalajara, Mexico, 18 Sept., 1961	23/1964 Cmd. 2354

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
AIR SERVICES (continued)—		
Ratification— Belgium	6 May, 1969	
Accessions—		
Libya	22 May, 1969	
Luxembourg	23 Aug., 1968	
New Zealand (with declaration)*	19 May, 1969	
Nigeria	16 July, 1969	
<p>* On depositing their instrument of accession the Government of New Zealand declared, on the basis of paragraph 1 of Article XVI of the Convention, that the application of the Convention would be extended to the Cook Islands, and to Niue and to the Tokelau Islands. In accordance with paragraph 2 of Article XVI, the application of the Convention will be extended to these territories from 17 August, 1969.</p>		
COPYRIGHT—		
International Convention revising the Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works ...	Brussels, 26 June, 1948	4/1958 Cmd. 361
Accession— Australia (with declaration)*	1 Apr., 1969	
<p>* The instrument of accession by the Government of Australia was accompanied by the following declaration: "The Government of the Commonwealth of Australia having considered the said Convention hereby accedes to it on behalf of the Commonwealth of Australia subject to the specific declaration that the Government of the Commonwealth of Australia accepts the provisions of Article 11 of the Convention on the understanding that it remains free to enact such legislation as it considers necessary in the public interest to prevent or deal with any abuse of the monopoly rights conferred upon owners of copyright by the law of the Commonwealth of Australia."</p>		
CULTURAL RELATIONS—		
Agreement on the Importation of Educational, Scientific and Cultural Materials	New York, 22 Nov., 1950	42/1954 Cmd. 9185
Acceptances—		
Congo (Brazzaville)... ..	26 Aug., 1968	
Morocco	25 July, 1968	
Singapore	11 July, 1969	
<p>Note— In a communication received by the Secretary-General of the United Nations on 18 July, 1969, the Government of <i>Mauritius</i> declared that they consider themselves bound as from 12 March, 1968, the date of their independence, by the above Agreement, which was applied to their territory before the attainment of independence.</p>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
CUSTOMS—		
Customs Convention on the Temporary Importation of Private Road Vehicles	New York, 4 June, 1954	1/1959 Cmnd. 602
Note— In a communication received by the Secretary-General of the United Nations on 18 July, 1969, the Government of <i>Mauritius</i> declared that they consider themselves bound as from 12 March, 1968, the date of their independence, by the above Convention, which was applied to their territory before the attainment of independence.		
Additional Protocol to the Convention concerning Customs Facilities for Touring, relating to the Importation of Tourist Publicity Documents and Material	New York, 4 June, 1954	70/1957 Cmnd. 308
Note— In a communication received by the Secretary-General of the United Nations on 18 July, 1969, the Government of <i>Mauritius</i> declared that they consider themselves bound as from 12 March, 1968, the date of their independence, by the above Additional Protocol, which was applied to their territory before the attainment of independence.		
Customs Convention on Containers	Geneva, 18 May, 1956	80/1959 Cmnd. 905
Note— In a communication received by the Secretary-General of the United Nations on 18 July, 1969, the Government of <i>Mauritius</i> declared that they consider themselves bound as from 12 March, 1968, the date of their independence, by the above Convention, which was applied to their territory before the attainment of independence.		
Customs Convention concerning facilities for the importation of goods for display or use at exhibitions, fairs, meetings or similar events	Brussels, 8 June, 1961	61/1963 Cmnd. 2115
Accession— Poland	19 July, 1969	
Customs Convention on the Temporary Importation of Professional Equipment	Brussels, 8 June, 1961	62/1963 Cmnd. 2125
Ratification— Federal Republic of Germany (including Land Berlin)	11 July, 1969	
Accessions— Poland United States of America	19 July, 1969 3 Dec., 1968	
Customs Convention on the A.T.A. Carnet for the Temporary Admission of Goods	Brussels, 6 Dec., 1961	10/1964 Cmnd. 2226
Accessions— Poland (with declarations)* United States of America (with declaration)† ...	19 July, 1969 3 Dec., 1968	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
CUSTOMS (continued)—		
Extension—		
Gibraltar (with declaration)†	2 Dec., 1968	
* On depositing their instrument of accession the Government of Poland made the following declarations:		
1. Under Articles 3 (paragraphs 2 and 3) and 23 (paragraph 1) of the Convention, the Government of the Polish People's Republic declares that as from the date of entry into force of the Convention for Poland it will accept:		
(i) A.T.A. carnets for the purposes of the International Convention to facilitate the Importation of Commercial Samples and Advertising Material done at Geneva on 7th November, 1952; and		
(ii) A.T.A. carnets in respect of goods carried in transit.		
2. Following the declaration by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany concerning the application to West Berlin of the Customs Convention on the A.T.A. carnet for the Temporary Admission of Goods (A.T.A. Convention) done at Brussels on 6th December, 1961, as set out in the letter of the Customs Co-operation Council under date of 18th March, 1969, No. 15.075, T1-042, the Government of the Polish People's Republic reject the declaration of the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany since that declaration is contrary to the international status of West Berlin which has never been and is not part of the Federal Republic of Germany.		
† When depositing their instrument of accession the Government of the United States of America made the following declaration:		
“ With reference to Article 26, paragraph 1, of the Convention, the Government of the United States of America declares that, for the time being, it wishes to avail itself of the provisions of this Article and not to accept A.T.A. carnets under the Convention for postal traffic.		
“ With reference to Article 25, paragraph 1, the Government of the United States of America declares that the Convention shall extend to the Customs territory of the United States which at the present time includes the States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.”		
‡ When notifying the extension of the Convention to Gibraltar the Customs Co-operation Council stated:		
“ The Gibraltar Chamber of Commerce has been approved as the issuing and guaranteeing association for the purposes of the Convention, and has applied to the International Chamber of Commerce for affiliation to the guaranteeing chain of the International Bureau of Chambers of Commerce.		
“ As regards Article 3 of the Convention, Gibraltar will accept A.T.A. carnets for temporary importations of (i) professional effects, (ii) goods for display at exhibitions, fairs, meetings or similar events, (iii) commercial samples, and (iv) goods in transit.		
“ As regards Article 26 of the Convention, Gibraltar will not accept A.T.A. carnets for postal traffic.”		

	Date	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
CUSTOMS (continued)—		
Customs Convention concerning Welfare Material for Seafarers	Brussels, 1 Dec., 1964– 30 Sept., 1965	58/1966 Cmnd. 3161
Ratification— Federal Republic of Germany (including Land Berlin)	11 July, 1969	
Accession— Algeria	5 Mar., 1969	
DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS—		
Convention on Diplomatic Relations	Vienna, 18 Apr., 1961	19/1965 Cmnd. 2565
Ratification— Italy	25 June, 1969	
Accessions— Kuwait (with reservation and declaration)*	23 July, 1969	
Swaziland	25 Apr., 1969	
* On depositing their instrument of accession the Government of Kuwait made the following reservation and declaration:		
<i>(Translation)</i>		
If the State of Kuwait has reason to believe that the diplomatic pouch contains something which may not be sent by pouch under paragraph 4 of Article 27 of the Convention, it considers that it has the right to request that the pouch be opened in the presence of the representative of the diplomatic mission (concerned). If this request is refused by the authorities of the Sending State, the diplomatic pouch shall be returned to its place of origin.		
The Government of Kuwait declares that its accession to the Convention does not imply recognition of "Israel" or entering with it into relations governed by the Convention thereto acceded.		
Optional Protocol concerning the Acquisition of Nationality	Vienna, 18 Apr., 1961	Misc. 6/1961 Cmnd. 1368
Ratification— Italy	25 June, 1969	
Optional Protocol concerning the Compulsory Settlement of Disputes	Vienna, 18 Apr., 1961	19/1965 Cmnd. 2565
Ratification— Italy	25 June, 1969	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS (continued)—		
Note—		
In a communication received by the Secretary-General of the United Nations on 18 July, 1969, the Government of <i>Mauritius</i> declared that they consider themselves bound as from 12 March, 1968, the date of their independence, by the above Convention and the Optional Protocol concerning the Compulsory Settlement of Disputes, which were applied to their territory before the attainment of independence.		
DRUGS—		
International Opium Convention	The Hague, 23 Jan., 1912	17/1921 Cmd. 1520
International Opium Convention as amended by the Protocol signed at	Geneva, 19 Feb., 1925 Lake Success, 11 Dec., 1946	27/1928 Cmd. 3244 35/1947 Cmd. 7135
Convention for limiting the Manufacture and Regulating the Distribution of Narcotic Drugs and amended by the Protocol	Geneva, 13 July, 1931 Lake Success, 11 Dec., 1946	31/1933 Cmd. 4413 35/1947 Cmd. 7135
Protocol bringing under International Control Drugs outside the Scope of the Convention of 13 July, 1931, for Limiting the Manufacture and Regulating the Distribution of Narcotic Drugs as amended by the Protocol of 11 December, 1946	Paris, 19 Nov., 1948	4/1950 Cmd. 7874
Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs	New York, 30 Mar., 1961	34/1965 Cmdnd. 2631
Accession—		
Monaco	14 Aug., 1969	
Note—		
In communications received on 18 July, 1969, the Government of <i>Mauritius</i> notified the Secretary-General of the United Nations that they consider themselves bound, as from 12 March, 1968, the date of their attainment of independence, by the above Conventions and Protocols the application of which had been extended to the territory of Mauritius before the attainment of independence.		
FINANCE—		
Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes between States and Nationals of other States ...	Washington, 18 Mar., 1965	25/1967 Cmdnd. 3255
Signatures—		
Guyana	3 July, 1969	
Mauritius	2 June, 1969	
Ratifications—		
Guyana	11 July, 1969	
Lesotho	8 July, 1969	
Mauritius	2 June, 1969	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
FISHERIES—		
International Convention for Regulating the Police of the North Sea Fisheries	The Hague, 6 May, 1882	Commercial 11/1884 C. 3928
Declaration amending paragraph 5 of Article 8 of the above Convention	The Hague, 1 Feb., 1889	Commercial 4/1890 C. 5908
Agreement relating to the International Convention for Regulating the Police of the North Sea Fisheries signed at The Hague on 6 May, 1882	The Hague, 3 June, 1955	33/1958 Cmnd. 517
Denunciation— Federal Republic of Germany	13 Aug., 1969	
FLAGS—		
Declaration recognising the Right to a Flag of States having no Sea-coast	Barcelona, 20 Apr., 1921	29/1923 Cmnd. 1994
Note— In a communication received on 11 June, 1969, the Government of <i>Malawi</i> notified the Secretary-General of the United Nations that they consider themselves bound as from 6 July, 1964, the date of their independence, by the above Declaration which was extended to the territory of Nyasaland before the attainment of independence.		
HUMAN RIGHTS—		
Convention on the Political Rights of Women	New York, 31 Mar., 1953	101/1967 Cmnd. 3449
Note— In a communication received by the Secretary-General of the United Nations on 18 July, 1969, the Government of <i>Mauritius</i> declared that they consider themselves bound as from 12 March, 1968, the date of their independence, by the above Convention which was applied to their territory before the attainment of independence. The notification contained the following reservation: “The Government of Mauritius hereby declares that it does not consider itself bound by Article III of the Convention in so far as that Article applies to recruitment to and conditions of service in the armed forces or to jury service.”		
International Convention on the Elimination of all forms of Racial Discrimination	New York, 7 Mar., 1966	77/1969 Cmnd. 4108
Signature— Austria	22 July, 1969	
Ratification— Mongolia*	6 Aug., 1969	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)—		
Accession— Syria (with reservation)†	21 Apr., 1969	
* The instrument of ratification by the Government of Mongolia confirms the declaration and reservation made at the time of signature of the Convention.		
† The instrument of accession by the Government of Syria contains the following reservations: (<i>Translation</i>)—		
1. The accession of the Syrian Arab Republic to this Convention shall in no way signify recognition of Israel or entry into a relationship with it regarding any matter regulated by the said Convention.		
2. The Syrian Arab Republic does not consider itself bound by the provisions of Article 22 of the Convention, under which any dispute between two or more States Parties with respect to the interpretation or application of the Convention is, at the request of any of the parties to the dispute, to be referred to the International Court of Justice for decision. The Syrian Arab Republic states that, in each individual case, the consent of all parties to such a dispute is necessary for referring the dispute to the International Court of Justice.		
Note— The information on this accession in Treaty Series No. 77 (1969), Cmnd. 4108 was incomplete.		
LABOUR—		
International Labour Convention No. 120. Hygiene (Commerce and Offices) Convention, 1964	Geneva, 8 July, 1964	30/1968 Cmnd. 3580
Ratifications—		
Algeria	12 June, 1969	
Indonesia	13 June, 1969	
International Labour Convention No. 122. Employment Policy Convention, 1964	Geneva, 9 July, 1964	65/1967 Cmnd. 3360
Ratifications—		
Algeria	12 June, 1969	
Hungary	18 June, 1969	
LAW—		
Convention on the Conflicts of Laws relating to the form of Testamentary Dispositions... ..	The Hague, 5 Oct., 1961	5/1964 Cmnd. 2250
Accession—		
Poland (with reservation)*	3 Sept., 1969	
* With the reservation provided for in Article 12.		
Convention on the Service Abroad of Judicial and Extrajudicial Documents in Civil or Commercial Matters	The Hague, 15 Nov., 1965	50/1069 Cmnd. 3986

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
LAW (continued)—		
Ratifications—		
Denmark (with declaration)*	2 Aug., 1969	
Norway (with declaration)†	2 Aug., 1969	
Sweden (with declaration)‡	2 Aug., 1969	
Accession—		
Botswana	1 Sept., 1969 (effective date)	
<p>* At the time of ratification, the Government of Denmark made the following declarations: (<i>Translation</i>) <i>re Articles 2 and 18</i> The Ministry of Justice is designated as the Central Authority. <i>re Article 6</i> The Danish court of law that has asked for the service to be made is designated as competent to complete the certificate in accordance with Article 6. <i>re Article 9</i> The local judge of first instance—though, as regards the court of first instance at Copenhagen and the court of first instance of the City and of the canton of Aarhus, the president of the court—is designated as competent to receive documents forwarded through consular channels in accordance with Article 9. <i>re Article 10</i> Denmark is unable to recognise the method of effecting service set out in Article 10, paragraph c. <i>re Article 15</i> Denmark avails itself of the power, provided for in Article 15, second paragraph, to declare that the judge may give judgment in a matter even if the provisions of Article 15, first paragraph, are not fulfilled. <i>re Article 16</i> Denmark avails itself of the power, provided for in Article 16, third paragraph, to declare that an application will not be entertained if it is made after the expiration of a period of one year following the date of judgment. The question of the re-hearing of a matter in which a person has been judged by default shall be decided in accordance with the rules of the code of procedure, Article 373 and Article 374, of Article 434. According to these rules, any person against whom judgment is given by default in an action in first instance may apply for a re-hearing of the matter if he can prove that the default cannot be imputed to him. The application for a re-hearing should be filed as soon as possible and may not be submitted after the expiration of a period of one year following the date of judgment.</p>		
<p>† At the time of ratification the Government of Norway made the following declarations: “ 1. In accordance with Article 2, the Ministry of Justice, Oslo/Dep, is designated as the Central Authority.</p>		

LAW (continued)—	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
<p>2. In accordance with Article 6, the County or Town Court in whose district the document has been served is designated for the purpose of completing the certificate in the form annexed to the Convention.</p>		
<p>3. In accordance with Article 9, first paragraph, the County or Town Court in whose district the person to be served is a resident or is staying, is designated as receiver of documents forwarded through consular channels.</p>		
<p>4. The Government of Norway is opposed to the use of such methods of service or transmission of documents on its territory as mentioned in Articles 8 and 10 of the Convention.</p>		
<p>5. Norwegian courts may give judgment when all the conditions specified in the second paragraph of Article 15 are fulfilled.</p>		
<p>6. In accordance with the third paragraph of Article 16, applications for relief according to Article 16 will not be entertained if they are delivered to the competent Norwegian authorities after the expiration of three years following the date of the judgment.”</p>		
<p>‡ At the time of ratification the Government of Sweden made the following declarations:</p>		
<p>“(a) The Ministry for Foreign Affairs (address: Utrikesdepartementet, Juridiska byran, Box 16121, S-103 23 Stockholm 16, Sweden) has been designated Central Authority.</p>		
<p>“(b) The Central Authority (the Ministry for Foreign Affairs) has been designated to receive documents transmitted through consular channels, pursuant to Article 9.</p>		
<p>“(c) Swedish authorities are not obliged to assist in serving documents transmitted by using any of the methods referred to in sub-paragraphs (b) and (c) of Article 10.</p>		
<p>“By virtue of the third paragraph of Article 5 of the Convention the Central Authority requires that any document to be served under the first paragraph of the same article must be written in or translated into Swedish.”</p>		
<p>Note—</p>		
<p>In a note received by the Government of the Netherlands on 16 January, 1969, the <i>United Arab Republic</i> declared:</p>		
<p>“The Government of the United Arab Republic opposes the use of the methods of transmitting abroad the judicial and extra-judicial documents according to Articles 8 and 10 of the Convention.”</p>		
<p>This information should be considered to form an integral part of the Instrument of Ratification deposited by the United Arab Republic on 12 December, 1968—see Treaty Series No. 50 (1969), Cmnd. 3986.</p>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
MARITIME CONVENTIONS—		
International Convention for the Unification of Certain Rules of Law relating to Bills of Lading ...	Brussels, 25 Aug., 1924	17/1931 Cmd. 3806
Accession— Kuwait (with reservation)*	25 July, 1969	
* On depositing their instrument of accession, the Government of Kuwait made the following reservation:		
<i>(Translation)</i>		
The maximum amount for liability for any loss or damage to or in connection with goods referred to in Article 4, paragraph 5, to be raised to £250 instead of £100.		
International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution of the Sea by Oil, as amended (see Treaty Series No. 59 (1967), Cmnd. 3354)	London, 12 May, 1954	56/1958 Cmnd. 595
Acceptance— Southern Yemen	20 May, 1969	
Convention on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone	Geneva, 29 Apr., 1958	3/1965 Cmnd. 2511
Accession— Kenya	20 June, 1969	
Convention on the High Seas	Geneva, 29 Apr., 1958	5/1963 Cmnd. 1929
Accession— Kenya	20 June, 1969	
Convention on Fishing and Conservation of the Living Resources of the High Seas	Geneva, 29 Apr., 1958	39/1966 Cmnd. 3028
Accession— Kenya	20 June, 1969	
Convention on the Continental Shelf	Geneva, 29 Apr., 1958	39/1964 Cmnd. 2422
Accession— Kenya	20 June, 1969	
International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea ...	London, 17 June, 1960	65/1965 Cmnd. 2812
Acceptance— Southern Yemen	20 May, 1969	
Convention on the Facilitation of International Maritime Traffic	London, 9 Apr., 1965	46/1967 Cmnd. 3299
Acceptance— Poland	25 July, 1969	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
MARITIME CONVENTIONS (continued)—		
International Convention on Load Lines, 1966	London, 5 Apr.— 4 July, 1966	58/1968 Cmnd. 3708
Acceptances—		
Federal Republic of Germany (including Land Berlin)	9 Apr., 1969	
Korea	10 July, 1969	
Philippines	4 Mar., 1969	
Poland	28 May, 1969	
Accessions—		
Cyprus	5 May, 1969	
Czechoslovakia	16 June, 1969	
Southern Yemen	20 May, 1969	
MATCHES—		
International Convention prohibiting the use of White (Yellow) Phosphorus in the Manufacture of Matches	Berne, 26 Sept., 1906	4/1909 Cd. 4530
Notes—		
In a communication dated 27 September, 1968, the Government of the <i>Ivory Coast</i> notified the Swiss Government that they consider themselves bound by the Convention which was applied to the territory of the <i>Ivory Coast</i> before the attainment of independence.		
In a communication dated 12 August, 1968, the Government of the <i>Malagasy Republic</i> notified the Swiss Government that they consider themselves bound by the Convention which was applied to the territory of Madagascar before the attainment of independence.		
METEOROLOGY—		
Convention of the World Meteorological Organisation (as later amended)	Washington, 11 Oct., 1947	26/1969 Cmnd. 3902
Accessions—		
Mauritius	17 July, 1969	
Southern Yemen	28 Jan., 1969	
Agreement on North Atlantic Ocean Weather Stations	Paris, 25 Feb., 1954	46/1955 Cmd. 9532
Withdrawal—		
India	30 June, 1969	
NATIONALITY—		
Convention relating to the Status of Stateless Persons ...	New York, 28 Sept., 1954	41/1960 Cmnd. 1098
Accession—		
Tunisia	29 July, 1969	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
POSTAL SERVICES—		
Constitution of the Universal Postal Union (with Final Protocol, General Regulations and Final Protocol thereto)	Vienna, 10 July, 1964	70/1966 Cmnd. 3141
Ratifications—		
Brazil	8 Aug., 1969	
Bulgaria	31 July, 1969	
Burma (except General Regulations)*	1 July, 1969	
Cambodia	11 Aug., 1969	
Ethiopia (except General Regulations)†	18 June, 1969	
Libya	21 Apr., 1969	
Netherlands	8 Aug., 1969	
Accession—		
Mauritius‡	29 Aug., 1969 (effective date)	
* Burma's approval of the General Regulations was deposited on 1 July, 1969.		
† Ethiopia's approval of the General Regulations was deposited on 8 July, 1968.		
‡ The Government of Mauritius wishes to be placed in the 7th Class for the purpose of contribution to the expenses of the International Bureau of the Union within the meaning of Article 21, paragraph 5, of the Constitution of the Universal Postal Union.		
Universal Postal Convention (with Final Protocol and Detailed Regulations)	Vienna, 10 July, 1964	71/1966 Cmnd. 3142
Ratifications—		
Brazil	8 Aug., 1969	
Bulgaria	31 July, 1969	
Cambodia	11 Aug., 1969	
Libya	21 Apr., 1969	
Netherlands	8 Aug., 1969	
Approvals—		
Burma	1 July, 1969	
Ethiopia	8 July, 1968	
Accession—		
Mauritius (with declaration)*	29 Aug., 1969 (effective date)	
* On depositing their instrument of accession the Government of Mauritius declared that they wished to claim the benefits of the reservations formulated in Article I, paragraph 1, and Article XI of the Final Protocol to the Convention.		
Agreement concerning Insured Letters and Boxes (with Final Protocol and Detailed Regulations)	Vienna, 10 July, 1964	72/1966 Cmnd. 3143
Ratifications—		
Brazil	8 Aug., 1969	
Bulgaria	31 July, 1969	
Cambodia	11 Aug., 1969	
Libya	21 Apr., 1969	
Netherlands	8 Aug., 1969	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
POSTAL SERVICES (continued)—		
Approval— Burma	1 July, 1969	
Accession— Mauritius	29 Aug., 1969 (effective date)	
Agreement concerning Postal Parcels (with Final Protocol, Detailed Regulations and Final Protocol thereto)	Vienna, 10 July, 1964	73/1966 Cmnd. 3144
Ratifications—		
Brazil	8 Aug., 1969	
Bulgaria	31 July, 1969	
Cambodia	11 Aug., 1969	
Libya	21 Apr., 1969	
Netherlands	8 Aug., 1969	
Approvals—		
Burma	1 July, 1969	
Ethiopia	8 July, 1968	
Accession— Mauritius (with declaration)*	29 Aug., 1969 (effective date)	
<p>* On depositing their instrument of accession the Government of Mauritius declared that they wish to benefit from the reservations formulated in Articles II; V, Table 1, No. 29 and Table 2, No. 15a; VI; VII, paragraph 6; XI, letter b; XII, paragraph 2; XIII; XIV; XV and XVII of the Final Protocol to the Postal Parcels Agreement and in the sole Article of the Final Protocol to the Detailed Regulations of the Postal Parcels Agreement.</p>		
PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES—		
General Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations	London, 13 Feb., 1946	10/1950 Cmd. 7891
<p>Note— In a communication received by the Secretary-General of the United Nations on 18 July, 1969, the Government of <i>Mauritius</i> declared that they consider themselves bound as from 12 March, 1968, the date of their independence, by the above Convention, which was applied to their territory before the attainment of independence.</p>		
Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies of the United Nations ...	Adopted 21 Nov., 1947	69/1959 Cmnd. 855
Accessions—		
Maldives	26 May, 1969	
Annexes VII—W.H.O., VIII—U.P.U., IX— I.T.U., XII—I.M.C.O.		
Poland (with reservation)*	19 June, 1969	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES (continued)—		
Annex I—I.L.O.; Annex II—F.A.O. (Second Revised Text which has not been accepted by the United Kingdom and has not been published as a Command Paper); Annex III—I.C.A.O.; Annex IV—U.N.E.S.C.O.; Annex VII—W.H.O. (Third Revised Text which has not been accepted by the United Kingdom and has not been published as a Command Paper); Annex VIII (U.P.U.); Annex IX (I.T.U.); Annex XI (W.M.O.); Annex XII (I.M.C.O.) (Revised Text—see Treaty Series No. 16 (1969); Cmnd. 3963.)		
* The instrument of accession by Poland was made subject to the reservation, in respect of sections 24 and 32 of the Convention, that: (Translation) . . . disputes arising out of the interpretation and application of the Convention shall be referred to the International Court of Justice only with the agreement of all parties to the dispute and that the Polish People's Republic reserves the right not to accept the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice as decisive.		
Revised Text of Annex XII—I.M.C.O.		16/1969 Cmnd. 3963
Acceptances—		
Kuwait	9 July, 1969	
New Zealand	6 June, 1969	
Note—		
In a communication received by the Secretary-General of the United Nations on 18 July, 1969, the Government of <i>Mauritius</i> declared that they consider themselves bound as from 12 March, 1968, the date of their independence, by the above Convention with Annex I—I.L.O.; Annex II—F.A.O. (Second Revised Text); Annex III—I.C.A.O.; Annex IV—U.N.E.S.C.O.; Annex VII—W.H.O.; Annex VIII—U.P.U.; Annex IX—I.T.U.; Annex XI—W.M.O.; Annex XII—I.M.C.O. (Revised Text).		
RAIL TRAFFIC—		
International Convention and Additional Protocol concerning the Carriage of Passengers and Luggage by Rail (CIV)	Berne, 25 Feb.— 1 May, 1961	66/1965 Cmnd. 2811
Ratification—		
Greece	29 July, 1969	
International Convention and Additional Protocol concerning the Carriage of Goods by Rail (CIM)	Berne, 25 Feb.— 1 May, 1961	67/1965 Cmnd. 2810
Ratification—		
Greece	29 July, 1969	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
RED CROSS—		
Convention for the Amelioration of the Condition of the Wounded and Sick in Armed Forces in the Field	Geneva, 12 Aug., 1949	39/1958 Cmnd. 550
Convention for the Amelioration of the Condition of the Wounded, Sick and Shipwrecked Members of Armed Forces at Sea	Geneva, 12 Aug., 1949	39/1958 Cmnd. 550
Convention on the Treatment of Prisoners of War ...	Geneva, 12 Aug., 1949	39/1958 Cmnd. 550
Convention on the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War	Geneva, 12 Aug., 1949	39/1958 Cmnd. 550
Ratification— Uruguay	5 Mar., 1969	
REFUGEES—		
Convention relating to the Status of Refugees	Geneva, 28 July, 1951	39/1954 Cmnd. 9171
Accession— Canada (with reservation)*	4 June, 1969	
* On depositing their instrument of accession, the Government of Canada made the following reservation: “Canada interprets the phrase “lawfully staying” as referring only to refugees admitted for permanent residence; refugees admitted for temporary residence will be accorded the same treatment with respect to the matters dealt with in Articles 23 and 24 as is accorded visitors generally.”		
Protocol relating to the Status of Refugees	New York, 31 Jan., 1967	15/1969 Cmnd. 3906
Accession— Canada	4 June, 1969	
REFUGEE SEAMEN—		
Agreement relating to Refugee Seamen	The Hague, 23 Nov., 1956	3/1962 Cmnd. 1578
Accession— Canada	30 May, 1969	
ROAD TRAFFIC—		
Convention on the Contract for the International Carriage of Goods by Road (CMR)	Geneva, 19 May, 1956	90/1967 Cmnd. 3455
Accession— Norway	1 July, 1969	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
ROAD TRAFFIC (continued)—		
Agreement concerning the adoption of uniform conditions of approval for Motor Vehicle Equipment and Parts and reciprocal recognition thereof ...	Geneva, 20 Mar., 1958	7/1965 Cmd. 2535
Regulation No. 3. Uniform provisions for the approval of reflex reflecting devices for motor vehicles.		
Acceptance— Belgium	20 Sept., 1969 (effective date)	
Regulation No. 11. Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the strength of door latches and hinges.		
Proposing Governments— Belgium, France	Date of entry into force 1 June, 1969	
Accepting Governments— United Kingdom, Netherlands	1 June 1969	
Regulation No. 12. Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the protection of the driver against the steering mechanism in the event of impact.		
Proposing Governments— France, United Kingdom	Date of entry into force 1 July, 1969	
SLAVERY—		
International Agreement for the Suppression of the White Slave Traffic, as amended by the Protocol of 4 May, 1949 (Treaty Series No. 85 (1953), Cmd. 9042)	Paris, 18 May, 1904	24/1905 Cd. 2689
International Convention for the Suppression of the White Slave Traffic, as amended by the Protocol of 4 May, 1949 (Treaty Series No. 85 (1953), Cmd. 9042)	Paris, 4 May, 1910	20/1912 Cd. 6326
Convention for the Suppression of the Traffic in Women and Children... ..	Geneva, 30 Sept., 1921	26/1923 Cmd. 1986
Slavery Convention signed at Geneva on 25 September, 1926, as amended by the Protocol agreed at New York on 7 December, 1953	—	24/1956 Cmd. 9797
Convention on the Abolition of Slavery, the Slave Trade and Institutions and Practices similar to Slavery, Supplementary to the International Convention signed at Geneva on 25 September, 1926	Geneva, 7 Sept., 1956	59/1957 Cmd. 257

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
SLAVERY (continued)—		
Note—		
In communications received by the Secretary-General of the United Nations on 18 July, 1969, the Government of <i>Mauritius</i> declared that they consider themselves bound as from 12 March, 1968, the date of their independence, by the above Agreement and Conventions which were applied to their territory before the attainment of independence.		
SPACE—		
Treaty on the Principles Governing the Activities of States in the Exploration and Use of Outer Space, including the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies ...	London, Moscow, Washington, 27 Jan., 1967	10/1968 Cmnd. 3519
Ratifications deposited in London—		
Iraq	23 Sept., 1969	
Norway	1 July, 1969	
Ratification deposited in Moscow—		
Norway	1 July, 1969	
Ratification deposited in Washington—		
Norway	1 July, 1969	
Agreement on the Rescue of Astronauts, the Return of Astronauts and the Return of Objects launched into Outer Space	London, Moscow, Washington, 22 Apr., 1968	56/1969 Cmnd. 3997
Ratifications deposited in London—		
New Zealand	8 July, 1969	
South Africa... ..	24 Sept., 1969	
Accession deposited in London—		
Sweden	21 July, 1969	
Ratification deposited in Moscow—		
New Zealand	8 July, 1969	
Accession deposited in Moscow—		
Sweden	21 July, 1969	
Ratification deposited in Washington—		
New Zealand	8 July, 1969	
Accession deposited in Washington—		
Sweden	21 July, 1969	
SUGAR—		
International Sugar Agreement, 1968	New York, 3–24 Dec., 1968	93/1969 Cmnd. 4210
Ratifications—		
Hungary (with declaration)*	9 July, 1969	
Malagasy Republic	4 Aug., 1969	
Sweden	23 July, 1969	

SUGAR (continued)—

Accession—

Malawi

9 July, 1969

Treaty Series
and
Command Nos.

* In the note accompanying their instrument of ratification, the Government of the Hungarian People's Republic made the following declaration:

"1. The Hungarian People's Republic deems it necessary to point to the discriminatory nature of Articles 59 and 64 of the Agreement. The provisions of these Articles deprive several States of the opportunity to sign the Agreement or to accede to it. The Agreement settles questions which touch upon the interests of all States and therefore—in conformity with the sovereign equality of States—no State must be prevented from becoming a party to it.

"2. The provision of Article 66 extending the Agreement to the territories for whose international relations any one of the Contracting Parties is responsible is out of date and contrary to the United Nations General Assembly resolution of 14 December, 1960, on the granting of independence to colonial countries and peoples.

"3. In many places the Agreement distinguishes between mainland China and Taiwan. In this connection the Hungarian People's Republic declares that the Chiang Kai-shek régime cannot act as representative of China. There exists only one Chinese State in the world—the People's Republic of China.

"4. The Hungarian People's Republic calls attention to the fact that in Article 36 of the Agreement the German Democratic Republic, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam are designated by improper names.

"5. The Hungarian People's Republic declares that the reference made to the so-called Republic of Viet-Nam in Annex B to the Agreement is unwarranted, because representatives of the Saigon régime cannot act in the name of Viet-Nam."

SWAZILAND—

Note—

In a communication to the Secretary-General of the United Nations dated 22 October, 1968, the Government of Swaziland made the following declaration concerning the succession by Swaziland to treaties extended or applied to the territory of Swaziland by the United Kingdom prior to independence:

"... for a period of two years with effect from the 6 September, 1968, the Government of the Kingdom of Swaziland accepts all treaty rights and obligations entered into prior to independence by the British Government on behalf of the Kingdom of Swaziland, during which period the treaties and international agreements in which such rights and obligations are embodied will receive examination with a view to determining, at the expiration of that period of two years, which of those rights and obligations will be adopted, which will be terminated, and which of these will be adopted with reservations in respect of particular matters."

SWAZILAND (continued)—

In a communication to the Secretary-General of the United Nations dated 22 July, 1969, the Government of the *United Kingdom* declared "that the Kingdom of Swaziland having become an independent Sovereign State on the 6th of September, 1968, the Government of the United Kingdom ceased to have the obligations or rights which they formerly had, as the authority responsible for the administration of Swaziland, by virtue of any international instrument applying to Swaziland."

TELECOMMUNICATIONS—

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
International Telecommunication Convention	Montreux, 12 Nov., 1965	41/1967 Cmnd. 3383
Ratifications—		
Bulgaria (confirming the reservation made when the Final Protocol was signed (No. XIII)	5 Aug., 1969	
Byelorussia (confirming statements Nos. X and XI contained in the Final Protocol to the Convention)	29 May, 1969	
Iraq (confirming statement No. III contained in the Final Protocol to the Convention)	15 July, 1969	
Malta	9 May, 1969	
Monaco	22 Apr., 1969	
Soviet Union (confirming statements Nos. X and XI in the Final Protocol to the Convention)	16 Apr., 1969	
Ukraine (confirming statements Nos. X and XI contained in the Final Protocol to the Convention)	8 Aug., 1969	
Accessions—		
Albania (with statements and reservations)*	5 May, 1969	
Mauritius	30 July, 1969	
Nauru	10 June, 1969	

* On depositing their instrument of accession the Government of Albania made the following statements and reservations:

(Translation)—

1. The Government of the People's Republic of Albania declares that the decision adopted by the Plenipotentiary Conference of the International Telecommunication Union, Montreux, 1965, to recognize the credentials of Chiang Kai-shek's representative to take part in the Conference and to sign the Final Acts on behalf of China is illegal since the only legitimate representatives of China entitled to undertake commitments on its behalf are those appointed by the Government of the People's Republic of China.
2. The Government of the People's Republic of Albania declares that it does not consider the Saigon authorities as representing the interests of the people of South Viet-Nam.
3. The Government of the People's Republic of Albania declares that it does not recognize the claims of the representatives of South Korea to speak on behalf of the whole Korean people.
4. The Government of the People's Republic of Albania declares that its accession to this Convention in no way implies recognition of the present Government of the Republic of South Africa and does not entail any obligation towards that Government.

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
TELECOMMUNICATIONS (continued)—		
5. The Government of the People's Republic of Albania reserves the right to accept or not to accept the Radio Regulations, in whole or in part.		
6. The Government of the People's Republic of Albania reserves the right to take any measures it deems necessary to safeguard its interests should reservations made by other countries lead to an increase in its contributory share in defraying the expenses of the Union or should any Members of the Union fail to pay their share of those expenses.		
Optional Additional Protocol to the International Telecommunication Convention	Montreaux, 12 Nov., 1965	41/1967 Cmdnd. 3383
Ratification—		
Malta	9 May, 1969	
UNITED NATIONS—		
Amendment to Article 109 of the Charter of the United Nations	Adopted 20 Dec., 1965	5/1969 Cmdnd. 3869
Ratifications—		
Algeria	30 Apr., 1969	
Liberia	1 July, 1969	
WAR—		
Protocol concerning the Prohibition of the Use in War of Asphyxiating, Poisonous or other Gases and of Bacteriological Methods of Warfare	Geneva, 17 June, 1925	24/1930 Cmd. 3604
Accessions—		
Argentine Republic	12 May, 1969	
Iceland	6 Dec., 1967 (date of notification)	
Israel (with reservation)*	20 Feb., 1969	
Lebanon	17 Apr., 1969	
Nepal	9 May, 1969	
Niger	19 Apr., 1967	
Syrian Arab Republic (with reservation)†	17 Dec., 1968	
* On depositing their instrument of accession the Government of Israel made the following reservation: (Translation)—		
The Protocol is binding on the State of Israel only in respect of those States which have signed and ratified it or have acceded thereto. The Protocol shall <i>ipso facto</i> cease to be binding on the State of Israel in respect of any enemy State whose armed forces or those of its allies, or regular or irregular forces, or groups or individuals operating from its territory do not comply with the prohibitions which are the subject of this Protocol.		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p>WAR (continued)—</p> <p>† On depositing their instrument of accession the Government of the Syrian Arab Republic made the following reservation: (<i>Translation</i>)—</p> <p>The accession of the Syrian Arab Republic to this Protocol and the ratification of the same by its Government shall under no circumstances signify recognition of Israel and cannot lead to entry into dealings with the latter on the subject of the provisions laid down by this Protocol.</p>		

Part II. BILATERAL TREATIES, ETC.

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p>NETHERLANDS—</p> <p>Exchange of Notes extending to the Netherlands Antilles the Convention of 15 October, 1948, for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with respect to Taxes on Income [Treaty Series No. 43 (1950), Cmd. 8015]</p> <p>Note— In a Note dated 2 June, 1969, the Government of the United Kingdom gave notice of the termination of the above Exchange of Notes.</p>	<p>London, 13 and 29 July, 1955</p>	<p>20/1958 Cmd. 452</p>