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MARITIME LAW



Treaty Series No. 83 (1977)

**Protocol**  
to amend the International Convention  
for the Unification of certain Rules of  
Law relating to Bills of Lading signed  
at Brussels on 25 August 1924

Brussels, 23 February 1968

[The United Kingdom instrument of ratification was deposited on 1 October 1976  
and the Protocol entered into force on 23 June 1977]

*Presented to Parliament  
by the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs  
by Command of Her Majesty  
October 1977*

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**PROTOCOL**  
**TO AMEND THE INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE**  
**UNIFICATION OF CERTAIN RULES OF LAW RELATING TO**  
**BILLS OF LADING, SIGNED AT BRUSSELS ON**  
**25th AUGUST 1924**

The Contracting Parties,

Considering that it is desirable to amend the International Convention for the unification of certain rules of law relating to Bills of Lading, signed at Brussels on 25th August 1924,<sup>(1)</sup>

Have agreed as follows:

**ARTICLE 1**

(1) In Article 3, paragraph 4, shall be added:

“ However, proof to the contrary shall not be admissible when the Bill of Lading has been transferred to a third party acting in good faith.”

(2) In Article 3, paragraph 6, sub-paragraph 4 shall be deleted and replaced by:

“ Subject to paragraph *6bis* the carrier and the ship shall in any event be discharged from all liability whatsoever in respect of the goods, unless suit is brought within one year of their delivery or of the date when they should have been delivered. This period may, however, be extended if the parties so agree after the cause of action has arisen.”

(3) In Article 3, after paragraph 6, shall be added the following paragraph *6bis*:

“ An action for indemnity against a third person may be brought even after the expiration of the year provided for in the preceding paragraph if brought within the time allowed by the law of the Court seized of the case. However, the time allowed shall be not less than three months, commencing from the day when the person bringing such action for indemnity has settled the claim or has been served with process in the action against himself.”

**ARTICLE 2**

Article 4, paragraph 5, shall be deleted and replaced by the following:

“ (a) Unless the nature and value of such goods have been declared by the shipper before shipment and inserted in the Bill of Lading, neither the carrier nor the ship shall in any event be or become liable for any loss or damage to or in connection with the goods in an amount exceeding the equivalent of 10,000 francs per package or unit or 30 francs per kilo of gross weight of the goods lost or damaged, whichever is the higher.

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<sup>(1)</sup> Treaty Series No. 17 (1931), Cmd. 3806.

(b) The total amount recoverable shall be calculated by reference to the value of such goods at the place and time at which the goods are discharged from the ship in accordance with the contract or should have been so discharged.

The value of the goods shall be fixed according to the commodity exchange price, or, if there be no such price, according to the current market price, or, if there be no commodity exchange price or current market price, by reference to the normal value of goods of the same kind and quality.

(c) Where a container, pallet or similar article of transport is used to consolidate goods, the number of packages or units enumerated in the Bill of Lading as packed in such article of transport shall be deemed the number of packages or units for the purpose of this paragraph as far as these packages or units are concerned. Except as aforesaid such article of transport shall be considered the package or unit.

(d) A franc means a unit consisting of 65·5 milligrammes of gold of millesimal fineness 900'. The date of conversion of the sum awarded into national currencies shall be governed by the law of the Court seized of the case.

(e) Neither the carrier nor the ship shall be entitled to the benefit of the limitation of liability provided for in this paragraph if it is proved that the damage resulted from an act or omission of the carrier done with intent to cause damage, or recklessly and with knowledge that damage would probably result.

(f) The declaration mentioned in sub-paragraph (a) of this paragraph, if embodied in the Bill of Lading, shall be *prima facie* evidence, but shall not be binding or conclusive on the carrier.

(g) By agreement between the carrier, master or agent of the carrier and the shipper other maximum amounts than those mentioned in sub-paragraph (a) of this paragraph may be fixed, provided that no maximum amount so fixed shall be less than the appropriate maximum mentioned in that sub-paragraph.

(h) Neither the carrier nor the ship shall be responsible in any event for loss or damage to, or in connection with, goods if the nature or value thereof has been knowingly mis-stated by the shipper in the Bill of Lading."

### ARTICLE 3.

Between Articles 4 and 5 of the Convention shall be inserted the following Article 4*bis*:

" 1. The defences and limits of liability provided for in this Convention shall apply in any action against the carrier in respect of loss or damage to goods covered by a contract of carriage whether the action be founded in contract or in tort.

2. If such an action is brought against a servant or agent of the carrier (such servant or agent not being an independent contractor), such

servant or agent shall be entitled to avail himself of the defences and limits of liability which the carrier is entitled to invoke under this Convention.

3. The aggregate of the amounts recoverable from the carrier, and such servants and agents, shall in no case exceed the limit provided for in this Convention.

4. Nevertheless, a servant or agent of the carrier shall not be entitled to avail himself of the provisions of this Article, if it is proved that the damage resulted from an act or omission of the servant or agent done with intent to cause damage or recklessly and with the knowledge that damage would probably result."

#### ARTICLE 4

Article 9 of the Convention shall be deleted and replaced by the following:

"This Convention shall not affect the provisions of any international Convention or national law governing liability for nuclear damage."

#### ARTICLE 5

Article 10 of the Convention shall be deleted and replaced by the following:

"The provisions of this Convention shall apply to every Bill of Lading relating to the carriage of goods between ports in two different States if:

(a) the Bill of Lading is issued in a Contracting State,

or

(b) the carriage is from a port in a Contracting State,

or

(c) the contract contained in or evidenced by the Bill of Lading provides that the rules of this Convention or legislation of any State giving effect to them are to govern the contract

whatever may be the nationality of the ship, the carrier, the shipper, the consignee, or any other interested person.

Each Contracting State shall apply the provisions of this Convention to the Bills of Lading mentioned above.

This Article shall not prevent a Contracting State from applying the rules of this Convention to Bills of Lading not included in the preceding paragraphs."

#### ARTICLE 6

As between the Parties to this Protocol the Convention and the Protocol shall be read and interpreted together as one single instrument.

A Party to this Protocol shall have no duty to apply the provisions of this Protocol to Bills of Lading issued in a State which is a Party to the Convention but which is not a Party to this Protocol.

## ARTICLE 7

As between the Parties to this Protocol, denunciation by any of them of the Convention in accordance with Article 15 thereof, shall not be construed in any way as a denunciation of the Convention as amended by this Protocol.

## ARTICLE 8

Any dispute between two or more Contracting Parties concerning the interpretation or application of the Convention which cannot be settled through negotiation, shall, at the request of one of them, be submitted to arbitration. If within six months from the date of the request for arbitration the Parties are unable to agree on the organization of the arbitration, any one of those Parties may refer the dispute to the International Court of Justice by request in conformity with the Statute of the Court.

## ARTICLE 9

(1) Each Contracting Party may at the time of signature or ratification of this Protocol or accession thereto, declare that it does not consider itself bound by Article 8 of this Protocol. The other Contracting Parties shall not be bound by this Article with respect to any Contracting Party having made such a reservation.

(2) Any Contracting Party having made a reservation in accordance with paragraph 1 may at any time withdraw this reservation by notification to the Belgian Government.

## ARTICLE 10

This Protocol shall be open for signature by the States which have ratified the Convention or which have adhered thereto before the 23rd February 1968, and by any State represented at the twelfth session (1967-1968) of the Diplomatic Conference on Maritime Law.

## ARTICLE 11

(1) This Protocol shall be ratified.

(2) Ratification of this Protocol by any State which is not a Party to the Convention shall have the effect of accession to the Convention.

(3) The instruments of ratification shall be deposited with the Belgian Government.

## ARTICLE 12

(1) States, Members of the United Nations or Members of the specialized agencies of the United Nations, not represented at the twelfth session of the Diplomatic Conference on Maritime Law, may accede to this Protocol.

(2) Accession to this Protocol shall have the effect of accession to the Convention.

(3) The instruments of accession shall be deposited with the Belgian Government.

### ARTICLE 13

(1) This Protocol shall come into force three months after the date of the deposit of ten instruments of ratification or accession, of which at least five shall have been deposited by States that have each a tonnage equal or superior to one million gross tons of tonnage.<sup>(2)</sup>

(2) For each State which ratifies this Protocol or accedes thereto after the date of deposit of the instrument of ratification or accession determining the coming into force such as is stipulated in paragraph (1) of this Article, this Protocol shall come into force three months after the deposit of its instrument of ratification or accession.

### ARTICLE 14

(1) Any Contracting State may denounce this Protocol by notification to the Belgian Government.

(2) This denunciation shall have the effect of denunciation of the Convention.

(3) The denunciation shall take effect one year after the date on which the notification has been received by the Belgian Government.

### ARTICLE 15

(1) Any Contracting State may at the time of signature, ratification or accession or at any time thereafter declare by written notification to the Belgian Government which among the territories under its sovereignty or for whose international relations it is responsible, are those to which the present Protocol applies.

The Protocol shall three months after the date of the receipt of such notification by the Belgian Government extend to the territories named therein, but not before the date of the coming into force of the Protocol in respect of such State.

(2) This extension also shall apply to the Convention if the latter is not yet applicable to those territories.

(3) Any Contracting State which has made a declaration under paragraph (1) of this Article may at any time thereafter declare by notification given to the Belgian Government that the Protocol shall cease to extend to such territory. This denunciation shall take effect one year after the date on which notification thereof has been received by the Belgian Government; it also shall apply to the Convention.

### ARTICLE 16

The Contracting Parties may give effect to this Protocol either by giving it the force of law or by including in their national legislation in a form appropriate to that legislation the rules adopted under this Protocol.

### ARTICLE 17

The Belgian Government shall notify the States represented at the twelfth session (1967-1968) of the Diplomatic Conference on Maritime Law,

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<sup>(2)</sup> The Protocol entered into force on 23 June, 1977.

the acceding States to this Protocol, and the States Parties to the Convention, of the following:

1. The signatures, ratifications and accessions received in accordance with Articles 10, 11 and 12.
2. The date on which the present Protocol will come into force in accordance with Article 13.
3. The notifications with regard to the territorial application in accordance with Article 15.
4. The denunciations received in accordance with Article 14.

In witness whereof the undersigned Plenipotentiaries, duly authorized, have signed this Protocol.

Done at Brussels, this 23rd day of February 1968, in the French<sup>(3)</sup> and English languages, both texts being equally authentic, in a single copy, which shall remain deposited in the archives of the Belgian Government, which shall issue certified copies.

### SIGNATURES AND RATIFICATIONS

<i>State</i>	<i>Date of signature</i>	<i>Date of deposit of instrument of ratification</i>
Argentina ... ..	23 Feb. 1968	
Belgium ... ..	23 Feb. 1968	
Cameroon ... ..	26 Apr. 1968	
Canada ... ..	23 Feb. 1968	
China, Republic of ... ..	23 Feb. 1968	
Congo, Democratic Republic of† ...	23 Feb. 1968	
Denmark ... ..	20 Nov. 1975	20 Nov. 1975§
Egypt ... ..	4 June 1973	
Finland ... ..	23 Feb. 1968	
France ... ..	4 Dec. 1968	10 Mar. 1977
Germany, Federal Republic of ...	23 Feb. 1968	
Greece ... ..	23 Feb. 1968	
Italy ... ..	23 Feb. 1968	
Liberia ... ..	23 Feb. 1968	
Mauritania ... ..	23 Feb. 1968	

† Now known as Zaire.

§ Not applicable to the Faroe Islands.

<sup>(3)</sup> After the Protocol has been registered with the United Nations, the French text will be published in the United Nations Treaty Series, available through Agency Section, Her Majesty's Stationery Office, PO Box 569, London SE1 9NY—Tel. 01-928 6977, ext. 410.

Norway	...	...	...	...	13 Apr. 1973	19 Mar. 1974
Paraguay	...	...	...	...	30 Apr. 1968	
Philippines	...	...	...	...	23 Feb. 1968	
Poland	...	...	...	...	23 Feb. 1968	
Spain	...	...	...	...	23 Aug. 1972	
Sweden	...	...	...	...	23 Feb. 1968	9 Dec. 1974
Switzerland	...	...	...	...	23 Feb. 1968	11 Dec. 1975
United Kingdom*	...	...	...	...	23 Feb. 1968	1 Oct. 1976
United States	...	...	...	...	23 Feb. 1968	
Uruguay	...	...	...	...	23 Feb. 1968	
Vatican City	...	...	...	...	23 Feb. 1968	

### ACCESSIONS

	<i>State</i>	<i>Date</i>
Ecuador	...	23 Mar. 1977
Lebanon	...	19 July 1975
Singapore	...	25 Apr. 1972
Syria	...	1 Aug. 1974

\* Application extended to the Isle of Man on 1 October 1976.