

RATIFICATIONS,
ETC.



Treaty Series No. 72 (1993)

**FIRST
SUPPLEMENTARY LIST
OF RATIFICATIONS, ACCESSIONS,
WITHDRAWALS, ETC., FOR 1993**

[In continuation of Treaty Series No. 84 (1992), Cm 2264]

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by the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs
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N.B. Unless otherwise stated, the dates given herein are the dates of deposit of the ratifications, etc. and are not necessarily effective dates, which must normally be determined from the terms of the treaties concerned.

Declarations, reservations etc. are given only in English, being either the texts of the originals or, alternatively, translations from foreign language texts. In the latter case, the translations given are not in all cases official or authoritative; for an authoritative statement, the foreign language text of the original should be consulted.

This publication contains information received up to 31 March 1993.

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
ANIMALS		
European Convention for the Protection of Animals kept for Farming Purposes	Strasbourg, 10 Mar., 1976	70/1979 Cmnd. 7684
Ratification— Austria	22 Dec., 1992	
AVIATION		
Convention on Offences and certain other Acts Committed on board Aircraft	Tokyo, 14 Sept., 1963	126/1969 Cmnd. 4230
Succession— Slovenia	18 Dec., 1992 (date of notification)	
BOLIVIA		
Agreement between the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government of the Republic of Bolivia for the Promotion and Protection of Investments	La Paz, 24 May, 1988	34/1990 Cm 1071
By an Exchange of Notes at La Paz dated 3 and 9 December 1992 the above-mentioned Agreement was extended to the Isle of Man, the Turks and Caicos Islands, Bermuda, and the Bailiwicks of Guernsey and Jersey.		
The Exchange of Notes entered into force on 9 December 1992.		
CONSERVATION		
Convention on Wetlands of International Importance especially as Waterfowl Habitat	Adopted Ramsar, Iran 2 Feb., 1971	34/1976 Cmnd. 6465
Accession— Guinea	18 Nov., 1992	
Note— In accordance with Article 2 of the Convention, the following wetlands have been designated by <i>Guinea</i> for inclusion in the List of Wetlands of International Importance established by virtue of this Convention:		
Alcatraz, at Kamsar		
The Tristao Islands, Komponi River		
The Kapatchez River, to the south of Kamsar		
The Pongo River, in the south-west of Boffa		
The Konkoure, at Dubreka		
Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora	Washington, 3 Mar., 1973	101/1976 Cmnd. 6647
Note— In a Note dated 15 February 1990 the Swiss Federal Department of Foreign Affairs notified that the following Amendment to Article XI of the above-mentioned Convention entered into force on 13 April 1987:		
“At the end of Article XI, paragraph 3, sub-paragraph (a), the words ‘, and adopt financial provisions’ shall be added.”		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
CULTURAL PROPERTY		
European Convention on the Protection of the Archaeological Heritage	London, 6 May, 1969	26/1973 Cmnd. 5224
Accession— Croatia	27 Jan., 1993	
Convention concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage	Paris, 23 Nov., 1972	2/1985 Cmnd. 9424
Successions— Croatia	1 July, 1992 <i>(date of notification)</i>	
Georgia	4 Nov., 1992 <i>(date of notification)</i>	
Convention for the Protection of the Architectural Heritage of Europe	Granada, 3 Oct., 1985	46/1988 Cm 439
Accession— Croatia	27 Jan., 1993	
CULTURAL RELATIONS		
European Cultural Convention	Paris, 19 Dec., 1954	49/1955 Cmnd. 9545
Accession— Croatia	27 Jan., 1993	
CUSTOMS		
Agreement on the Importation of Educational, Scientific and Cultural Materials	Lake Success, 22 Nov., 1950	42/1954 Cmnd. 9185
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 <i>(date of notification)</i>	
Convention on Nomenclature for the Classification of Goods in Customs Tariffs	Brussels, 15 Dec., 1950	29/1960 Cmnd. 1070
Withdrawal— Italy	3 Dec., 1993 <i>(effective date)</i>	
Convention concerning Customs Facilities for Touring ..	New York, 4 June, 1954	70/1957 Cmnd. 308
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 <i>(date of notification)</i>	
Customs Convention on the Temporary Importation of Private Road Vehicles	New York, 4 June, 1954	1/1959 Cmnd. 602
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 <i>(date of notification)</i>	
Protocol to the Agreement on the Importation of Educational, Scientific and Cultural Materials	New York, 1 Mar., 1977	33/1984 Cmnd. 9217
Accession— Spain (with declaration*)	2 Oct., 1992	
Succession— Slovenia	1 July 1992 <i>(date of notification)</i>	
<i>*Declaration [Translation]</i> "Pursuant to Article 16 of the Protocol, Spain shall not be bound by parts II and IV and annexes C, I, F, G and H of the Protocol."		
International Convention on the Harmonization of Frontier Controls of Goods	Geneva, 1 Apr., 1983— 31 Mar., 1984	40/1988 Cm 403
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 <i>(date of notification)</i>	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR RELATIONS		
Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations	Vienna, 18 Apr.— 31 Oct., 1961	19/1965 Cmnd. 2565
Accession— Suriname	28 Oct., 1992	
Successions— Croatia	12 Oct., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
Optional Protocol to the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations concerning the Compulsory Settlement of Disputes	Vienna, 18 Apr.— 31 Oct., 1961	19/1965 Cmnd. 2565
Accession— Suriname	28 Oct., 1992	
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
Vienna Convention on Consular Relations	Vienna, 24 Apr.— 31 Oct., 1963	14/1973 Cmnd. 5219
Successions— Croatia	12 Oct., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
DISARMAMENT		
Protocol for the Prohibition of the Use in War of Asphyxiating, Poisonous or other Gases, and of Bacteriological Methods of Warfare	Geneva, 17 June, 1925	24/1930 Cmnd. 3604
Note— By a Note dated 25 November 1992 the Government of <i>Spain</i> notified the Government of France as depositary of its decision to withdraw the reservation made at the time of ratification of the above-mentioned Protocol which read as follows: “declares as compulsory ‘ipso facto’ and without special agreement in relation to any other Member or State accepting and executing the same obligation, that is to say, on condition of reciprocity, the Protocol for the Prohibition of the Use in War of Asphyxiating, Poisonous or other Gases, and of Bacteriological Methods of Warfare, signed at Geneva, on 17 June 1925.”		
Treaty banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and under Water	London, Moscow and Washington, 5 Aug., 1963	3/1963 Cmnd. 2245
Accession in London— Suriname	6 Jan., 1993	
Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on their Destruction	London, Moscow and Washington, 10 Apr., 1972	11/1976 Cmnd. 6397
Accession in London— Suriname	6 Jan., 1993	
DISPUTES		
Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards	New York, 10 June,— 31 Dec., 1958	20/1976 Cmnd. 6419
Succession— Slovenia (*with declaration)	1 July, 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
DISPUTES (continued)		
<i>*Declaration</i>		
"In accordance with paragraph 3 of Article I, the Republic of Slovenia will apply the Convention, on the basis of reciprocity, to the recognition and enforcement of only those awards made in the territory of another Contracting State. The Republic of Slovenia will apply the Convention only to differences arising out of legal relationships, whether contractual or not, which are considered as commercial under the national law of the Republic of Slovenia."		
Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes between States and Nationals of Other States	Washington, 18 Mar., 1965	25/1967 Cmnd. 3255
Approval—		
China, People's Republic of (*with declaration)	7 Jan., 1993	
<i>*Declaration</i>		
"The People's Republic of China hereby declares that, pursuant to Article 25(4) of the Convention, the Chinese Government would only consider submitting to the jurisdiction of the International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes disputes over compensation resulting from expropriation and nationalization."		
DRUGS		
Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, as amended by the Protocol of 25 March 1972 amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961	New York, 8 Aug., 1975	23/1979 Cmnd. 7466
Succession—		
Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances	Vienna, 20 Dec., 1988– 28 Feb., 1989	26/1992 Cm 1927
Ratifications—		
Bulgaria	24 Sep., 1992	
Morocco	28 Oct., 1992	
Suriname	28 Oct., 1992	
Accessions—		
Barbados	15 Oct., 1992	
Kenya	19 Oct., 1992	
Succession—		
Slovenia*	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
*Slovenia designated the Ministry for Health, Family and Social Security as the designated authority for the purposes of Article 17(7)		
Anti-Doping Convention	Strasbourg, 16 Nov., 1989	85/1990 Cm 1330
Accession—		
Croatia	27 Jan., 1993	
ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION & DEVELOPMENT		
Agreement establishing the International Fund for Agricultural Development	Adopted, Rome, 13 June, 1976	41/1978 Cmnd. 7195
Accession—		
Namibia*	16 Oct., 1992	
*The deposit was made following the approval by the Governing Council, on 29 May 1992, of the membership of Namibia as a non-original Member of the Fund, in category III		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
EDUCATION		
European Convention on the Equivalence of Diplomas leading to admission to Universities	Paris, 11 Dec., 1953	38/1954 Cmd. 9168
Accession— Croatia	27 Jan., 1993	
European Convention on the Equivalence of Periods of University Study	Paris, 15 Dec., 1956	71/1957 Cmd. 301
Accession— Croatia	27 Jan., 1993	
European Convention on the Academic Recognition of University Qualifications	Paris, 14 Dec., 1959	7/1962 Cmd. 1591
Accession— Croatia	27 Jan., 1993	
Protocol to the European Convention on the Equivalence of Diplomas leading to Admission to Universities	Strasbourg, 3 June, 1964	8/1965 Cmd. 2536
Accession— Croatia	27 Jan., 1993	
European Agreement on Continued Payment of Scholarships to Students Studying Abroad	Paris, 12 Dec., 1969	51/1972 Cmd. 4966
Accession— Croatia	27 Jan., 1993	
Convention on the Recognition of Studies, Diplomas and Degrees concerning Higher Education in the States belonging to the Europe Region	Paris, 21 Dec., 1979	21/1986 Cmd. 9762
Successions— Croatia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
Georgia	4 Nov., 1992 (date of notification)	
EXTRADITION		
European Convention on Extradition	Paris, 13 Dec., 1957	97/1991 Cm 1762
Signature— Poland	19 Feb., 1993	
FOOD		
Agreement for the Establishment, in Paris, of an International Wine Office with Protocol of Signature	Paris, 29 Nov., 1924— 31 Mar., 1925	6/1975 Cmd. 5834
Accession— Georgia	6 Jan., 1993	
GRENADA		
Agreement between the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government of Grenada for the Promotion and Protection of Investments— By an Exchange of Notes at Bridgetown on 16 July 1992 and at St George's on 20 July 1992 the above-mentioned Agreement was extended to the Isle of Man, Gibraltar, the Turks and Caicos Islands, Bermuda and the Bailiwicks of Guernsey and Jersey. The Exchange of Notes entered into force on 20 July 1992.	London, 25 Feb., 1988	33/1988 Cm 381

	Date	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
GUYANA		
Agreement between the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government of the Co-operative Republic of Guyana for the Promotion and Protection of Investments	London, 27 Oct., 1989	47/1990 Cm 1120
By an Exchange of Notes at Georgetown dated 15 and 22 September 1992 the above-mentioned Agreement was extended to the Isle of Man, Gibraltar, the Turks and Caicos Islands, Bermuda and the Bailiwicks of Jersey and Guernsey. The Exchange of Notes entered into force on 22 September 1992.		
HUMAN RIGHTS		
Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide	Paris, 9 Dec., 1948	58/1970 Cmnd. 4421
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms	Rome, 4 Nov., 1950	71/1953 Cmd. 8969
Ratification— Poland	19 Jan., 1993	
Convention on the Political Rights of Women	New York, 31 Mar., 1953	101/1967 Cmnd. 3449
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
Convention against Discrimination in Education	Paris, 14 Dec., 1960	44/1962 Cmnd. 1760
Successions— Croatia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
Georgia	4 Nov., 1992 (date of notification)	
Protocol No. 2 to the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, conferring upon the European Court of Human Rights competence to give Advisory Opinions	Strasbourg, 6 May, 1963	104/1970 Cmnd. 4551
Ratification— Poland	19 Jan., 1993	
International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination	New York, 7 Mar., 1966	77/1969 Cmnd. 4108
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights	Adopted New York, 16 Dec., 1966	6/1977 Cmnd. 6702
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
Note— On 30 September 1992, the Government of <i>Belarus</i> notified the Secretary-General of the United Nations of its decision to withdraw the reservation made upon ratification of the above-mentioned Covenant (see Treaty Series No. 6 (1977), Cmnd. 6702) which read as follows: [Translation] The Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic declares that the provisions of paragraph 1 of Article 26 of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, under which a number of States cannot become parties to [this Covenant], are of a discriminatory nature and considers that the Covenant, in accordance with the principle of sovereign equality of States, should be open for participation by all States concerned without any discrimination or limitation		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)		
International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights	Adopted New York, 16 Dec., 1966	6/1977 Cmnd. 6702
Succession—		
Slovenia (with declaration*)	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
*Declaration (under Article 41)—		
The Republic of Slovenia declares that it recognises the competence of the Human Rights Committee to receive and consider communications submitted by another State Party to the effect that a State Party claims that another State Party is not fulfilling its obligations under the Covenant.		
Declaration under Article 41		
Note—		
On 30 September 1992 the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of <i>Belarus</i> the following Declaration:		
[Translation]		
The Republic of Belarus declares that it recognises the competence of the Committee on Human Rights in accordance with Article 41 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights to receive and consider communications to the effect that a State Party to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights claims that another State Party is not fulfilling its obligations under the Covenant.		
Note—		
On 30 September 1992, the Government of <i>Belarus</i> notified the Secretary-General of the United Nations of its decision to withdraw the reservation, made upon ratification of the above-mentioned Covenant (see Treaty Series No. 6 (1977), Cmnd. 6702).		
[Translation]		
The Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic declares that the provisions of paragraph 1 of Article 48 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, . . . under which a number of States cannot become parties to [this Covenant], are of a discriminatory nature and considers that the Covenant, in accordance with the principle of sovereign equality of States, should be open for participation by all States concerned without any discrimination or limitation.		
Derogation under Article 4		
Note—		
On 2 December 1992, the Government of <i>Venezuela</i> notified the Secretary-General of the United Nations that certain constitutional guarantees were temporarily suspended throughout the national territory. The provisions of the Covenant which have been derogated from are Articles 9, 17, 19 and 21. The Government of <i>Venezuela</i> further notified the restoration of the freedom of assembly, including public electioneering. The rights restored pertain to Article 21 of the Covenant.		
European Agreement relating to Persons participating in Proceedings of the European Commission and Court of Human Rights	London, 6 May, 1969	44/1971 Cmnd. 4699
Signature—		
Hungary	9 Feb., 1993	
Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women	Adopted New York, 18 Dec., 1979	2/1989 Cm 643
Accessions—		
Cambodia	15 Oct., 1992	
Samoa	25 Sept., 1992	
Successions—		
Croatia	9 Sept., 1992	
Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
	(date of notification)	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)		
Convention for the Protection of Individuals with regard to Automatic Processing of Personal Data	Strasbourg, 28 Jan., 1981	86/1990 Cm 1329
Note— The following is the text of a declaration by the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland contained in a letter dated 13 January 1993 registered at the Secretariat General of the Council of Europe on 21 January 1993: “In accordance with Article 24 of the said Convention I hereby declare, on behalf of the Government of the United Kingdom, that the Protocol shall apply to the Isle of Man being a territory for whose international relations the Government of the United Kingdom are responsible. In accordance with Article 3, paragraph 2, sub-paragraph (a) of the Convention, I declare that the Convention will not be applied to personal data files held only for distributing or supplying or recording the distribution or supply of articles, information or services to the data subjects. In accordance with Article 13, paragraph 2, sub-paragraph (a) I would like to designate the Isle of Man Data Protection Register, Willow House, Main Road, Onchan, Isle of Man as the competent authority to render assistance in the Isle of Man in order to implement this Convention.”		
Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment	New York, 4 Feb., 1985	107/1991 Cm 1775
Accession— Cambodia	15 Oct., 1992	
European Convention for the Prevention of Torture and Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment	Strasbourg, 26 Nov., 1987	54/1991 Cm 1634
Signature— Hungary	9 Feb., 1993	
Convention on the Rights of the Child	Adopted New York, 20 Nov., 1989	44/1992 Cm 1976
Ratifications— Austria (with reservations and declarations*)	6 Aug., 1992	
Iceland (with declarations†)	27 Nov., 1992	
Ireland (with objection‡)	28 Sep., 1992	
Accession— Cambodia	15 Oct., 1992	
Succession— Slovenia (with reservation**)	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
*Reservations “1. Article 13 and Article 15 of the Convention will be applied provided that they will not affect legal restrictions in accordance with Article 10 and Article 11 of the European Convention on the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms of 4 November 1950. 2. Article 17 will be applied to the extent that it is compatible with the basic rights of others, in particular with the basic rights of freedom of information and freedom of press.”		
Declarations “1. Austria will not make any use of the possibility provided for in Article 38, paragraph 2 to determine an age limit of 15 years for taking part in hostilities as this rule is incompatible with Article 3, paragraph 1, which determines that the best interests of the child shall be a primary consideration. 2. Austria declares, in accordance with its constitutional law, to apply Article 38, paragraph 3, provided that only male Austrian citizens are subject to compulsory military service.”		
†Declarations “1. With respect to Article 9, under Icelandic law the administrative authorities can take final decisions in some cases referred to in the Article. These decisions are subject to judicial		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
<p>HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)</p> <p>review in the sense that it is a principle of Icelandic law that courts can nullify administrative decisions if they conclude that they are based on unlawful premises. This competence of the courts to review administrative decisions is based on Article 60 of the Constitution.</p> <p>2. With respect to Article 37, the separation of juvenile prisoners from adult prisoners is not obligatory under Icelandic law. However, the law relating to prisons and imprisonment provides that when deciding in which penal institution imprisonment is to take place account should be taken of, <i>inter alia</i>, the age of the prisoner. In light of the circumstances prevailing in Iceland it is expected that decisions on the imprisonment of juveniles will always take account of the juvenile's best interest."</p> <p>‡<i>Objection</i> "The Government of Ireland hereby formally make objection to the reservations made on ratification of the Convention by Bangladesh, Djibouti, Indonesia, Jordan, Kuwait, Myanmar, Pakistan, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey. (see Treaty Series No. 44 (1992) Cm 1976 p. 21-30)</p> <p>The Government of Ireland consider that such reservations, which seek to limit the responsibilities of the reserving State under the Convention, by invoking general principles of national law, may create doubts as to the commitment of those States to the object and purpose of the Convention.</p> <p>The objection shall not constitute an obstacle to the entry into force of the Convention between Ireland and the aforementioned States."</p> <p>**<i>Reservation</i> "The Republic of Slovenia reserves the right not to apply paragraph 1 of Article 9 of the Convention since the internal legislation of the Republic of Slovenia provides for the right of competent authorities (centres for social work) to determine on separation of a child from his/her parents without a previous judicial review."</p> <p>Note— On 26 August 1992, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of Sweden the following objection to the reservation made by Jordan upon ratification (see Treaty Series No. 44 (1992) Cm 1976 p. 26):</p> <p>"The Government of Sweden has examined the content of the reservation made by Jordan, by which Jordan states:</p> <p>'The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan expresses its reservation and does not consider itself bound by Articles 14, 20 and 21 of the Convention, which grant the child the right to freedom of choice of religion and concern the question of adoption, since they are at variance with the precepts of the tolerant Islamic Shariah.'</p> <p>A reservation by which a State party limits its responsibilities under the Convention by invoking general principles of national law may cast doubts on the commitments of the reserving state to the object and purpose of the Convention and, moreover, contribute to undermining the basis of international treaty law. It is in the common interest of states that treaties to which they have chosen to become parties also are respected, as to object and purpose, by all parties. The Government of Sweden therefore objects to the reservation.</p> <p>This objection does not constitute an obstacle to the entry into force of the Convention between Sweden and Jordan."</p>		
<p>HYDROGRAPHY</p> <p>Convention on the International Hydrographic Organisation</p> <p>Accession— Bahrain</p>	<p>Monaco, 3 May, 1967</p> <p>22 Oct., 1992</p>	<p>30/1971 Cmnd. 4682</p>

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY		
International Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organizations	Rome, 26 Oct., 1961	38/1964 Cmnd. 2425
Accession— Greece	6 Oct., 1992	
Convention establishing the World Intellectual Property Organization	Stockholm, 14 July, 1967— 13 Jan., 1968	52/1970 Cmnd. 4408
Accession— Armenia*	22 Jan., 1993	
*The Republic of Armenia will belong to Class C for the purpose of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the WIPO Conference.		
Note— The following declaration was deposited with the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization by the Government of the <i>Slovak Republic</i> on 30 December 1992: “The Government of the Slovak Republic hereby declares that [the above-mentioned Convention shall] continue, as from 1 January 1993, to be applicable as far as the Slovak Republic is concerned.” For the purposes of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Paris Union, the Slovak Republic wishes to belong to class V.		
Note— The following declaration was deposited with the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization by the Government of the Republic of <i>Kazakhstan</i> on 16 February 1993: “The Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan hereby declares that [the above-mentioned Convention shall] continue to be applicable to the territory of the Republic of Kazakhstan and accepts, in respect of that territory, the obligations set forth in the said Convention.” For the purposes of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Paris Union, the Republic of Kazakhstan wishes to belong to class VII.		
International Convention further revising the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property of 20 March, 1883	Stockholm, 14 July, 1967— 13 Jan., 1968	61/1970 Cmnd. 4431
Note— The following declaration was deposited with the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization by the Government of the <i>Slovak Republic</i> on 30 December 1992: “The Government of the Slovak Republic hereby declares that [the above-mentioned Convention shall] continue, as from 1 January 1993, to be applicable as far as the Slovak Republic is concerned.” For the purposes of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Paris Union, the Slovak Republic wishes to belong to class V.		
Note— The following declaration was deposited with the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization by the Government of the Republic of <i>Kazakhstan</i> on 16 February 1993: “The Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan hereby declares that [the above-mentioned Convention shall] continue to be applicable to the territory of the Republic of Kazakhstan and accepts, in respect of that territory, the obligations set forth in the said Convention.” For the purposes of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Paris Union, the Republic of Kazakhstan wishes to belong to class VII.		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY (continued)		
Act additional to the Madrid Agreement for the Suppression of False or Misleading Indications of Origin on Goods of 14 April 1891, as later revised	Stockholm, 14 July, 1967– 26 Apr., 1970	62/1970 Cmnd. 4426
Note—		
The following declaration was deposited with the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization by the Government of the <i>Slovak Republic</i> on 30 December 1992:		
“The Government of the Slovak Republic hereby declares that [the above-mentioned Act shall] continue, as from 1 January 1993, to be applicable as far as the Slovak Republic is concerned.”		
For the purposes of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Paris Union, the Slovak Republic wishes to belong to class V.		
Patent Co-operation Treaty	Washington, 19 June– 31 Dec., 1970	78/1978 Cmnd. 7340
Note—		
The following declaration was deposited with the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization by the Government of the <i>Slovak Republic</i> on 30 December 1992:		
“The Government of the Slovak Republic hereby declares that [the above-mentioned Treaty shall] continue, as from 1 January 1993, to be applicable as far as the Slovak Republic is concerned.”		
For the purposes of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Paris Union, the Slovak Republic wishes to belong to class V.		
Note—		
The following declaration was deposited with the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization by the Government of the Republic of <i>Kazakhstan</i> on 16 February 1993:		
“The Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan hereby declares that [the above-mentioned Treaty shall] continue to be applicable to the territory of the Republic of Kazakhstan and accepts, in respect of that territory, the obligations set forth in the said Treaty.”		
For the purposes of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Paris Union, the Republic of Kazakhstan wishes to belong to class VII.		
International Convention further revising the Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works of 9 September 1886, as amended on 2 October 1979	Paris, 24 July, 1971	63/1990 Cm 1212
Accession—		
Kenya*	11 Mar., 1993	
*For the purposes of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Berne Union, Kenya wishes to belong to class IX.		
Note—		
The following declaration was deposited with the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization by the Government of the <i>Slovak Republic</i> on 30 December 1992:		
“The Government of the Slovak Republic hereby declares that [the above-mentioned Convention shall] continue, as from 1 January 1993, to be applicable as far as the Slovak Republic is concerned.”		
For the purposes of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Berne Union, the Slovak Republic wishes to belong to class V.		

	Date	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY (continued)		
Strasbourg Agreement concerning the International Patent Classification (as amended) (<i>see also</i> Treaty Series No. 82 (1983) Cmnd. 9107 p.14)	Strasbourg, 24 Mar.– 30 Sept., 1971	113/1975 Cmnd. 6238
Note— The following declaration was deposited with the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization by the Government of the <i>Slovak Republic</i> on 30 December 1992: “The Government of the Slovak Republic hereby declares that [the above-mentioned Agreement shall] continue, as from 1 January 1993, to be applicable as far as the Slovak Republic is concerned.” For the purposes of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Paris Union, the Slovak Republic wishes to belong to class V.		
Universal Copyright Convention as revised	Paris, 24 July, 1971	9/1975 Cmnd. 5844
Succession— Croatia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
Convention for the Protection of Producers of Phonograms against unauthorised Duplication of their Phonograms	Geneva, 29 Oct., 1971	41/1973 Cmnd. 5275
Accession— China, People’s Republic of	5 Jan., 1993	
Budapest Treaty on the International Recognition of the Deposit of Micro-organisms for the Purposes of Patent Procedure	Budapest, 28 Apr.– 31 Dec., 1977	5/1981 Cmnd. 8136
Note— The following declaration was deposited with the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization by the Government of the <i>Slovak Republic</i> on 30 December 1992: “The Government of the Slovak Republic hereby declares that [the above-mentioned Treaty shall] continue, as from 1 January 1993, to be applicable as far as the Slovak Republic is concerned.” For the purposes of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Berne Union, the Slovak Republic wishes to belong to class V.		
Nice Agreement concerning the International Classification of Goods and Services for the purposes of the Registration of Marks of 15 June 1957 as revised at Stockholm on 14 July 1967 (as amended) (<i>see also</i> Treaty Series No. 82 (1983) Cmnd. 9107 p.15)	Geneva, 13 May, 1977	72/1979 Cmnd. 7671
Note— The following declaration was deposited with the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization by the Government of the <i>Slovak Republic</i> on 30 December 1992: “The Government of the Slovak Republic hereby declares that [the above-mentioned Agreement shall] continue, as from 1 January 1993, to be applicable as far as the Slovak Republic is concerned.” For the purposes of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Berne Union, the Slovak Republic wishes to belong to class V.		
LAW		
Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties	Vienna, 23 May– 30 Nov., 1969	58/1980 Cmnd. 7964
Succession— Slovenia	1 July 1992 (date of notification)	
European Convention on Spectator Violence and Misbehaviour at Sports Events and in particular at Football Matches	Strasbourg, 19 Aug., 1985	57/1985 Cmnd. 9649
Accession— Croatia	27 Jan., 1993	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
LAW OF THE SEA		
Convention on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone	Geneva, 29 Apr., 1958	3/1965 Cmnd. 2511
Succession— Slovenia	1 July 1992 (date of notification)	
Convention on the High Seas	Geneva, 29 Apr.— 31 Oct., 1958	5/1963 Cmnd. 1929
Succession— Slovenia	1 July 1992 (date of notification)	
NATIONALITY AND PASSPORTS		
Convention on the Nationality of Married Women	New York, 20 Feb., 1957	59/1958 Cmnd. 601
Succession— Slovenia	1 July 1992 (date of notification)	
PLANTS		
International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants of 2 December 1961 as revised at Geneva on 10 November 1972, and on 23 October 1978	Geneva, 23 Oct., 1978	11/1984 Cmnd. 9152
Note— On 12 January 1993 the Secretary-General of the International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) received the following declaration from the Government of the <i>Czech Republic</i> : “The Government of the Czech Republic hereby declares that the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants of December 2, 1961, as revised at Geneva on November 10, 1972, and on October 23, 1978, continues to be applicable to the Czech Republic. For the purpose of establishing the contribution towards the budget of the International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants, the Czech Republic’s number of contribution units will be one half of unit.”		
Note— On 12 January 1993 the Secretary-General of the International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) received the following declaration from the Government of the <i>Slovak Republic</i> : “The Government of the Slovak Republic hereby declares that the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants of December 2, 1961, as revised at Geneva on November 10, 1972, and on October 23, 1978, continues to be applicable to the Slovak Republic. For the purpose of establishing the contribution towards the budget of the International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants, the Slovak Republic’s contribution units will be one half of unit.”		
POLLUTION		
International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution of the Sea by Oil	London, 12 May, 1954	56/1958 Cmnd. 595
Succession— Slovenia	12 Nov., 1992 (date of notification)	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
POLLUTION (continued)		
International Convention on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage	Brussels, 29 Nov., 1969– 31 Dec., 1970	106/1975 Cmnd. 6183
Ratification— Ireland	19 Nov., 1992	
Accessions— Estonia	1 Dec., 1992	
Kenya	15 Dec., 1992	
Succession— Slovenia	12 Nov., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
International Convention on the establishment of an International Fund for Compensation for Oil Pollution Damage	Brussels, 18 Dec., 1971	95/1978 Cmnd. 7383
Ratification— Ireland	19 Nov., 1992	
Accessions— Estonia	1 Dec., 1992	
Korea	8 Dec., 1992	
Succession— Slovenia	12 Nov., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
International Convention relating to Intervention on the High Seas in Cases of Oil Pollution Casualties	Brussels, 29 Nov., 1969– 31 Dec., 1970	77/1975 Cmnd. 6056
Succession— Slovenia	12 Nov., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
Protocol relating to Intervention on the High Seas in Cases of Pollution by Substances other than Oil, 1973	London, 2 Nov., 1973	27/1983 Cmnd. 8924
Succession— Slovenia	12 Nov., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
Protocol to the International Convention on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage, 1969	London, 19 Nov., 1976	26/1981 Cmnd. 8238
Accessions— Ireland	19 Nov., 1992	
Korea	8 Dec., 1992	
Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution	Geneva, 13–16 Nov., 1979	57/1983 Cmnd. 9034
Successions— Croatia	21 Sept., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
Protocol to the 1979 Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution on Long-Term Financing of the Co-operative Programme for Monitoring and Evaluation of the Long-Range Transmission of Air Pollutants in Europe (EMEP)	Geneva, 28 Sept.– 5 Oct., 1984	75/1988 Cm 521
Successions— Croatia	21 Sept., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
Vienna Convention for the Protection of the Ozone Layer	Vienna, 22 Mar.– 21 Sept., 1985	1/1990 Cm 910
Accessions— Algeria	20 Oct., 1992	
Barbados	16 Oct., 1992	
El Salvador	2 Oct., 1992	
Niger	9 Oct., 1992	
Papua New Guinea	27 Oct., 1992	
Swaziland	10 Nov., 1992	
Zimbabwe	3 Nov., 1992	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
POLLUTION (continued)		
Successions—		
Croatia	21 Sept., 1992 (date of notification)	
Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer	Montreal, 16 Sept., 1987	19/1990 Cm 977
Accessions—		
Algeria	20 Oct., 1992	
Barbados	16 Oct., 1992	
El Salvador	2 Oct., 1992	
Niger	9 Oct., 1992	
Papua New Guinea	27 Oct., 1992	
Swaziland	10 Nov., 1992	
Zimbabwe	3 Nov., 1992	
Successions—		
Croatia	21 Sept., 1992 (date of notification)	
Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer done at Montreal 16 September 1987	Adopted at London, 27–29 June, 1990	4/1993 Cm 2132
Accessions—		
Algeria	20 Oct., 1992	
Mauritius	20 Oct., 1992	
PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW		
Convention on the Recovery Abroad of Maintenance	New York, 20 June,— 31 Dec., 1956	85/1975 Cmnd. 6084
Succession—		
Slovenia*	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
*At the time of notification of its succession Slovenia designated the Ministry for Health, Family and Social Security as the designated authority for the purposes of Article 2 of the Convention.		
Convention on the Service Abroad of Judicial and Extrajudicial Documents in Civil or Commercial Matters	The Hague, 15 Nov., 1965	50/1969 Cmnd. 3986
Note—		
By a letter dated 28 January 1993 the <i>Czech Republic</i> informed the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depositary of the above-mentioned Convention, that as a successor state created as a result of the division of the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic, it considers itself bound, as of 1 January 1993, by the above-mentioned Convention to which the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic was a party on that date, including any reservations and declarations made to its provisions earlier by Czechoslovakia.		
The depositary is of the opinion that this letter may be considered as a declaration of continuity by the Czech Republic and assumes, unless notification to the contrary before 1 March 1993, that the Convention has remained in force between the Contracting States and the Czech Republic.		
Note—		
By a Note dated 19 November 1992 the Government of <i>Germany</i> informed the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, in conformity with Article 2, paragraph 2(b) of the above-mentioned Convention, of the following:		
“1. Notwithstanding the provisions of the first paragraph of Article 15, a German judge may give judgement even if no		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW (continued)		
<p>certificate of service or delivery has been received, if all the following conditions are fulfilled:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> —the document was transmitted by one of the methods provided for in this Convention, —a period of time of not less than six months, considered adequate by the judge in the particular case, has elapsed since the date of the transmission of the document, —no certificate of any kind has been received, even though every reasonable effort has been made to obtain it through the competent authorities of the State addressed. <p>2. An application for relief in accordance with Article 16 will not be entertained if it is filed after the expiration of one year following the termination of the time-limit which has not been observed.”</p>		
<p>Convention on the Taking of Evidence abroad in Civil or Commercial Matters</p>	The Hague, 18 Mar., 1970	20/1977 Cmnd. 6727
<p>Note— The following State declared its acceptance of the accession of <i>Argentina</i>, <i>Mexico</i> and <i>Monaco</i> to the above-mentioned Convention:</p>		
<p>Cyprus</p>	19 Nov., 1992	
<p>In accordance with Article 39 the Convention will enter into force between <i>Argentina</i> and:</p>		
<p>Cyprus</p>	18 Jan., 1993	
<p>In accordance with Article 39 the Convention will enter into force between <i>Mexico</i> and:</p>		
<p>Cyprus</p>	18 Jan., 1993	
<p>In accordance with Article 39 the Convention will enter into force between <i>Monaco</i> and:</p>		
<p>Cyprus</p>	18 Jan., 1993	
<p>Note— By a letter dated 28 January 1993 the <i>Czech Republic</i> informed the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depositary of the above-mentioned Convention, that as a successor state created as a result of the division of the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic, it considers itself bound, as of 1 January 1993, by the above-mentioned Convention to which the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic was a party on that date, including any reservations and declarations made to its provisions earlier by Czechoslovakia.</p> <p>The depositary is of the opinion that this letter may be considered as a declaration of continuity by the Czech Republic and assumes, unless notification to the contrary before 1 March 1993, that the Convention has remained in force between the Contracting States and the Czech Republic.</p>		
<p>Convention on the Recognition of Divorces and Legal Separations</p>	The Hague, 1 June, 1970	123/1975 Cmnd. 6248
<p>Note— The following State declared its acceptance of the accession by <i>Australia</i> to the above-mentioned Convention:</p>		
<p>Cyprus</p>	26 Nov., 1992	
<p>In accordance with Article 28, paragraph 5, the Convention will enter into force between <i>Australia</i> and</p>		
<p>Cyprus</p>	25 Jan., 1993	
<p>Note— By a letter dated 28 January 1993 the <i>Czech Republic</i> informed the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depositary of the above-mentioned Convention, that as a successor state created as a result of the division of the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic, it considers itself bound, as of 1 January 1993, by the above-mentioned Convention to which the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic was a party on that date, including any reservations and declarations made to its provisions earlier by Czechoslovakia.</p> <p>The depositary is of the opinion that this letter may be considered as a declaration of continuity by the Czech Republic and assumes, unless notification to the contrary before 1 March 1993, that the Convention has remained in force between the Contracting States and the Czech Republic.</p>		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW (continued)		
Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Decisions relating to Maintenance Obligations	The Hague, 2 Oct., 1973	49/1980 Cmnd. 7939
Note—		
By a letter dated 28 January 1993 the <i>Czech Republic</i> informed the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depositary of the above-mentioned Convention, that as a successor state created as a result of the division of the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic, it considers itself bound, as of 1 January 1993, by the above-mentioned Convention to which the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic was a party on that date, including any reservations and declarations made to its provisions earlier by Czechoslovakia.		
The depositary is of the opinion that this letter may be considered as a declaration of continuity by the Czech Republic and assumes, unless notification to the contrary before 1 March 1993, that the Convention has remained in force between the Contracting States and the Czech Republic.		
European Convention on Recognition and Enforcement of Decisions concerning Custody of Children and on Restoration of Custody of Children	Luxembourg, 20 May, 1980	35/1987 Cm 191
Ratification—		
Greece (with reservations*)	8 Mar., 1993	
*Reservations		
In accordance with Article 27 of the Convention, Greece declares that:		
(a) it avails itself of the option provided for in Article 6, paragraph 3, of the Convention to exclude communications made in French or English or accompanied by a translation into one of these two languages,		
(b) in accordance with Article 17, paragraph 1, of the Convention, in cases covered by Articles 8 and 9, recognition and enforcement of decisions relating to custody may be refused on the grounds provided under Article 10 of the Convention.		
Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction	The Hague, 25 Oct., 1980	66/1986 Cm 33
Signature—		
Czech and Slovak Federal Republic	28 Dec., 1992	
Note—		
The following States declared their acceptance of the accession of <i>Monaco</i> to the above-mentioned Convention		
France	24 Dec., 1992	
Ireland, Republic of	20 Jan., 1993	
Luxembourg	11 Jan., 1993	
United Kingdom (with declaration*)	18 Jan., 1993	
*Declaration		
"Notwithstanding the provisions of the said Article 38 regarding entry into force of the Convention as between the acceding State and the State declaring its acceptance of the accession, amendments will have been made to the United Kingdom municipal law in order to give effect to the Convention between it and Monaco as of 1 February 1993 when the Convention enters into force for Monaco."		
In accordance with Article 38, paragraph 5, the Convention will enter into force between <i>Monaco</i> and		
France	1 Mar., 1993	
Ireland, Republic of	1 Apr., 1993	
Luxembourg	1 Apr., 1993	
United Kingdom	1 Apr., 1993	
Note—		
The following States declared their acceptance of the accession of <i>Romania</i> to the above-mentioned Convention:		
France	24 Dec., 1992	
Ireland, Republic of	20 Jan., 1993	
Luxembourg	21 Jan., 1993	
United Kingdom (with declaration*)	18 Jan., 1993	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW (continued)		
<i>*Declaration</i>		
"Notwithstanding the provisions of the said Article 38 regarding entry into force of the Convention as between the acceding State and the State declaring its acceptance of the accession, amendments will have been made to the United Kingdom municipal law in order to give effect to the Convention between it and Romania as of 1 February 1993 when the Convention enters into force for Romania."		
In accordance with Article 38, paragraph 5, the Convention will enter into force between <i>Romania</i> and		
France	1 Mar., 1993	
Ireland, Republic of	1 Apr., 1993	
Luxembourg	1 Apr., 1993	
United Kingdom	1 Apr., 1993	
Note—		
The following States declared their acceptance of the accession of <i>Ecuador</i> to the above-mentioned Convention		
Australia	27 Jan., 1993	
Ireland, Republic of	20 Jan., 1993	
In accordance with Article 38, paragraph 5, the Convention will enter into force between <i>Ecuador</i> and		
Australia	1 Apr., 1993	
Ireland, Republic of	1 Apr., 1993	
Note—		
The following States declared their acceptance of the accession of <i>Burkina</i> to the above-mentioned Convention		
Australia	27 Jan., 1993	
Ireland, Republic of	20 Jan., 1993	
In accordance with Article 38, paragraph 5, the Convention will enter into force between <i>Burkina</i> and		
Australia	1 Apr., 1993	
Ireland, Republic of	1 Apr., 1993	
Note—		
The following State declared its acceptance of the accession of <i>Poland</i> to the above-mentioned Convention		
Ireland, Republic of	20 Jan., 1993	
In accordance with Article 38, paragraph 5, the Convention will enter into force between <i>Poland</i> and		
Ireland, Republic of	1 Apr., 1993	
Note—		
By a letter dated 28 January 1993 the <i>Czech Republic</i> informed the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depositary of the above-mentioned Convention, that as a successor state created as a result of the division of the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic, it considers itself bound, as of 1 January 1993, by the above-mentioned Convention to which the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic was a party on that date, including any reservations and declarations made to its provisions earlier by Czechoslovakia.		
The depositary is of the opinion that this letter may be considered as a declaration of continuity by the Czech Republic and assumes, unless notification to the contrary before 1 March 1993, that the Czech Republic is to be considered as a signatory State to the above-mentioned Convention.		
Convention on the Transfer of Sentenced Persons	Strasbourg, 21 Mar., 1983	51/1985 Cmd. 9617
Ratification—		
Czechoslovakia	15 Apr., 1992	
PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES		
General Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations	Adopted London, 13 Feb., 1946	10/1950 Cmd. 7891
Successions—		
Croatia	12 Oct., 1992 (date of notification)	
Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES (continued)		
Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies of the United Nations	Adopted New York, 21 Nov., 1947	69/1959 Cmnd. 855
Succession— Slovenia*	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
*The Government of Slovenia, in accordance with Article XI, section 43, of the Convention, has undertaken to apply the provisions of the said Convention to the following specialized agencies:		
Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations		
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development		
International Development Association		
International Finance Corporation		
International Fund for Agricultural Development		
International Labour Organization		
International Monetary Fund		
International Telecommunication Union		
United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization		
Universal Postal Union		
World Health Organization		
World Intellectual Property Organization		
World Meteorological Organization		
Note—		
On 13 October 1992, the Government of <i>Belarus</i> , which acceded to the Convention on 18 March 1966, notified the Secretary-General of the United Nations, pursuant to Article XI, section 43, of the above-mentioned Convention, that it undertakes to apply the provisions of the Convention to the World Health Organization.		
In accordance with Article XI, section 43, the notification took effect on the date of its receipt by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, i.e. on 13 October 1992.		
Second Protocol to the General Agreement on Privileges and Immunities of the Council of Europe signed at Paris on September 2, 1949	Paris, 15 Dec., 1956	50/1958 Cmnd. 579
Signature— Hungary	9 Feb., 1993	
Fourth Protocol to the General Agreement on Privileges and Immunities of the Council of Europe. Provisions concerning the European Court of Human Rights	Paris, 16 Dec., 1961	58/1971 Cmnd. 4739
Signature— Hungary	9 Feb., 1993	
Fifth Protocol to the General Agreement on Privileges and Immunities of the Council of Europe	Strasbourg, 18 June, 1990	96/1991 Cm 1764
Signature— Hungary	9 Feb., 1993	
PUBLICATIONS		
Convention concerning the Exchange of Official Publications and Government Documents between States	Paris, 5 Dec., 1958	43/1962 Cmnd. 1758
Succession— Georgia	4 Nov., 1992 (date of notification)	
Convention concerning the International Exchange of Publications	Paris, 5 Dec., 1958	41/1962 Cmnd. 1742
Succession— Georgia	4 Nov., 1992 (date of notification)	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
REFUGEES		
Convention relating to the Status of Refugees	Geneva, 28 July, 1951	39/1954 Cmd. 9171
Accession— Cambodia	15 Oct., 1992	
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
Convention relating to the Status of Stateless Persons	New York, 28 Sept., 1954	41/1960 Cmdnd. 1098
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
Protocol relating to the Status of Refugees	New York, 31 Jan., 1967	15/1969 Cmdnd 3906
Accession— Cambodia	15 Oct., 1992	
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
ROAD TRANSPORT		
Declaration on the Construction of Main International Traffic Arteries	Geneva, 16 Sept., 1950	12/1952 Cmd. 8490
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
Convention on the Contract for the International Carriage of Goods by Road (CMR)	Geneva, 19 May, 1956	90/1967 Cmdnd. 3455
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)	Geneva, 30 Sept., 1957	83/1968 Cmdnd. 3769
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
Protocol amending Article 14(3) of the European Agreement of 30 September 1957 concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)	New York, 21 Aug., 1975	53/1985 Cmdnd. 9650
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
Consolidated Text of the Customs Convention on the International Transport of Goods under Cover of TIR Carnets as amended (TIR Convention)	Geneva, 14 Nov., 1975	56/1983 Cmdnd. 9032
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (date of notification)	
SHIPPING		
International Convention on Load Lines, 1966	London, 5 Apr.— 4 July, 1966	58/1968 Cmdnd. 3708
Accession— Thailand	30 Dec., 1992	
Succession— Slovenia	12 Nov., 1992 (date of notification)	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
SHIPPING (continued)		
International Convention on Tonnage Measurement of Ships, 1969	London, 23 June— 23 Dec., 1969	50/1982 Cmnd. 8716
Accession— Kenya	15 Dec., 1992	
Succession— Slovenia	12 Nov., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
Convention on the International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea, 1972	London, 20 Oct., 1972	77/1977 Cmnd. 6962
Accessions— Congo	7 Jan., 1993	
Kenya	15 Dec., 1992	
Succession— Slovenia	12 Nov., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
International Convention for Safe Containers (CSC), 1972, as amended in 1981 (see Treaty Series No. 93 (1981), Cmnd. 8445) and 1983 (see Treaty Series No. 20 (1984), Cmnd. 9180)	Geneva, 2 Dec., 1972	40/1979 Cmnd. 7535
Extension— Guernsey	1 May, 1992 (<i>effective date</i>)	
Succession— Slovenia	12 Nov., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea, 1974	London, 1 Nov., 1974	46/1980 Cmnd. 7874
Succession— Slovenia	12 Nov., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
Protocol of 1978 relating to the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea, 1974, as amended	London, 1 June, 1978— 1 Mar., 1979	40/1981 Cmnd. 8277
Succession— Slovenia	12 Nov., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping for Seafarers, 1978	London, 1 Dec., 1978— 30 Nov., 1979	50/1984 Cmnd. 9266
Accessions— Kenya	15 Dec., 1992	
Romania	11 Jan., 1993	
Succession— Slovenia	12 Nov., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
SLAVERY		
Convention on the Abolition of Slavery, the Slave Trade and Institutions and Practices similar to Slavery, Supplementary to the International Convention signed at Geneva September 25, 1926	Geneva, 7 Sept., 1956	59/1957 Cmnd. 257
Succession— Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
SOCIAL SECURITY		
European Code of Social Security	Strasbourg, 16 Apr., 1964	10/1969 Cmnd. 3871
Signature— Spain	12 Feb., 1993	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
TELECOMMUNICATIONS		
Convention on the International Maritime Satellite Organization (INMARSAT) (with the Operating Agreement)	London, 3 Sept., 1976	94/1979 Cmnd. 7722
Accessions—		
Croatia	24 Nov., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
Mauritius	7 Dec., 1992	
TERRORISM		
Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally Protected Persons, including Diplomatic Agents	New York, 14 Dec., 1973– 31 Dec., 1974	3/1980 Cmnd. 7765
Successions—		
Croatia	12 Oct., 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
International Convention against the Taking of Hostages ..	New York, 18 Dec., 1979– 31 Dec., 1980	81/1983 Cmnd. 9100
Succession—		
Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
TRANSPORT		
Convention and Statute on Freedom of Transit	Barcelona, 20 Apr., 1921	27/1923 Cmnd. 1992
Succession—		
Slovenia	1 July, 1992 (<i>date of notification</i>)	
Protocol to co-ordinate and rationalise European Inland Transport of international importance	Brussels, 17 Oct., 1953	32/1954 Cmnd. 9142
Accession—		
Hungary	3 Dec., 1992	
UNESCO		
Constitution of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (as amended) (see also Treaty Series No. 82 (1965), Cmnd. 2784; Treaty Series No. 99 (1970), Cmnd. 4511; Treaty Series No. 104 (1976), Cmnd. 6651; Treaty Series No. 59 (1977), Cmnd. 6864 and Treaty Series No. 56 (1981), Cmnd. 8304)	London, 16 Nov., 1945	36/1961 Cmnd. 1376
Acceptances—		
Czech Republic	22 Feb., 1993	
Slovakia	9 Feb., 1993	
UNIDO		
Constitution of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization	Adopted Vienna, 8 Apr.– 7 Oct., 1979	67/1991 Cm 1666
Accessions—		
Bosnia and Herzegovina	1 Oct., 1992	
Georgia	30 Oct., 1992	
Denunciation—		
Canada	31 Dec., 1993 (<i>effective date</i>)	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
UNITED NATIONS		
Articles of Agreement of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development	Washington, 27 Dec., 1945	21/1946 Cmd. 6885
Acceptances—		
Armenia	16 Sept., 1992	
Azerbaijan	18 Sept., 1992	
Belarus	10 July, 1992	
Estonia	23 June, 1992	
Kazakhstan	23 July, 1992	
Lithuania	6 July, 1992	
Marshall Islands	21 May, 1992	
Moldova	12 Aug., 1992	
Russia	16 June, 1992	
Switzerland	29 May, 1992	
Turkmenistan	22 Sept., 1992	
Ukraine	3 Sept., 1992	
Uzbekistan	21 Sept., 1992	
Articles of Agreement of the International Monetary Fund	Washington, 27 Dec., 1945	21/1946 Cmd. 6885
Acceptances—		
Armenia	28 May, 1992	
Azerbaijan	18 Sept., 1992	
Belarus	10 July, 1992	
Estonia	26 May, 1992	
Georgia	5 May, 1992	
Kazakhstan	15 July, 1992	
Kyrgyzstan	8 May, 1992	
Latvia	19 May, 1992	
Lithuania	29 Apr., 1992	
Marshall Islands	21 May, 1992	
Moldova	12 Aug., 1992	
Russia	1 June, 1992	
San Marino	23 Sept., 1992	
Switzerland	29 May, 1992	
Turkmenistan	22 Sept., 1992	
Ukraine	3 Sept., 1992	
Uzbekistan	21 Sept., 1992	
UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION		
Constitution of the Universal Postal Union (With Final Protocol)	Vienna, 10 July, 1964	70/1966 Cmd. 3141
Additional Protocol to the Constitution of the Universal Postal Union	Tokyo, 14 Nov., 1969	72/1973 Cmd. 5358
Second Additional Protocol to the Constitution of the Universal Postal Union	Lausanne, 5 July, 1974	56/1976 Cmd. 6539
Third Additional Protocol to the Constitution of the Universal Postal Union	Hamburg, 27 July, 1984	81/1991 Cm 1748
Accessions—		
Bosnia and Herzegovina	9 Dec., 1992	
Kyrgyzstan	15 June, 1992	
Turkmenistan	24 Nov., 1992	



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